State of South Dakota

SEVENTY-NINTH SESSION LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 2004

400J0223

SENATE BILL NO. 38

Introduced by: The Committee on Commerce at the request of the Department of Revenue and Regulation

1 FOR AN ACT ENTITLED, An Act to adopt the Uniform Securities Act, to repeal chapter 47-2 31A, and to revise certain related provisions. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA: 4 Section 1. Section 101. This Act may be cited as the Uniform Securities Act of 2002. 5 Section 2. Section 102. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires: 6 (1) "Director," the director of securities; 7 (2) "Agent," an individual, other than a broker-dealer, who represents a broker-dealer in 8 effecting or attempting to effect purchases or sales of securities or represents an 9 issuer in effecting or attempting to effect purchases or sales of the issuer's securities. 10 But a partner, officer, or director of a broker-dealer or issuer, or an individual having 11 a similar status or performing similar functions is an agent only if the individual 12 otherwise comes within the term. The term does not include an individual excluded 13 by rule adopted or order issued under this Act; 14 (3) "Bank,": 15 (A) A banking institution organized under the laws of the United States;

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1		(D)	A member bank of the rederal Reserve System,		
2		(C)	Any other banking institution, whether incorporated or not, doing business		
3			under the laws of a state or of the United States, a substantial portion of the		
4			business of which consists of receiving deposits or exercising fiduciary powers		
5			similar to those permitted to be exercised by national banks under the		
6			authority of the comptroller of the currency pursuant to Section 1 of Public		
7			Law 87-722 (12 U.S.C. Section 92a), and which is supervised and examined		
8			by a state or federal agency having supervision over banks, and which is not		
9			operated for the purpose of evading this Act; and		
10		(D)	A receiver, conservator, or other liquidating agent of any institution or firm		
11			included in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C);		
12	(4)	"Bro	ker-dealer," a person engaged in the business of effecting transactions in		
13		secur	securities for the account of others or for the person's own account. The term does not		
14		inclu	de:		
15		(A)	An agent;		
16		(B)	An issuer;		
17		(C)	A bank or savings institution if its activities as broker-dealer are limited to		
18			those specified in subsection 3(a)(4) and 3(a)(5) of the Securities Exchange		
19			Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. Section 78c(a)(4) and (5), or a bank that satisfies the		
20			conditions specified in Section 3(a)(4)(E) of the Securities Exchange Act of		
21			1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(4));		
22		(D)	An international banking institution; or		
23		(E)	A person excluded by rule adopted or order issued under this Act;		
24	(5)	"Dep	ository institution,":		

1		(A) A bank; or
2		(B) A savings institution, trust company, credit union, or similar institution that
3		is organized or chartered under the laws of a state or of the United States,
4		authorized to receive deposits, and supervised and examined by an official or
5		agency of a state or the United States if its deposits or share accounts are
6		insured to the maximum amount authorized by statute by the Federal Deposit
7		Insurance Corporation, the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund, or a
8		successor authorized by federal law. The term does not include:
9		(i) An insurance company or other organization primarily engaged in the
10		business of insurance;
11		(ii) A Morris Plan bank; or
12		(iii) An industrial loan company;
13	(6)	"Federal covered investment adviser," a person registered under the Investment
14		Advisers Act of 1940;
15	(7)	"Federal covered security," a security that is, or upon completion of a transaction will
16		be, a covered security under Section 18(b) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C.
17		Section 77r(b)) or rules or regulations adopted pursuant to that provision;
18	(8)	"Filing," the receipt under this Act of a record by the director or a designee of the
19		director;
20	(9)	"Fraud," "deceit," and "defraud," are not limited to common law deceit;
21	(10)	"Guaranteed," guaranteed as to payment of all principal and all interest;
22	(11)	"Institutional investor," any of the following, whether acting for itself or for others
23		in a fiduciary capacity:
24		(A) A depository institution or international banking institution;

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1 (B) An insurance company; 2 (C) A separate account of an insurance company; 3 (D) An investment company as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940; 4 (E) A broker-dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; 5 (F) An employee pension, profit-sharing, or benefit plan if the plan has total assets 6 in excess of ten million dollars or its investment decisions are made by a 7 named fiduciary, as defined in the Employee Retirement Income Security Act 8 of 1974, that is a broker-dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act 9 of 1934, an investment adviser registered or exempt from registration under 10 the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, an investment adviser registered under 11 this Act, a depository institution, or an insurance company; 12 (G) A plan established and maintained by a state, a political subdivision of a state, 13 or an agency or instrumentality of a state or a political subdivision of a state 14 for the benefit of its employees, if the plan has total assets in excess of ten 15 million dollars or its investment decisions are made by a duly designated 16 public official or by a named fiduciary, as defined in the Employee Retirement 17 Income Security Act of 1974, that is a broker-dealer registered under the 18 Securities Exchange Act of 1934, an investment adviser registered or exempt 19 from registration under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, an investment 20 adviser registered under this Act, a depository institution, or an insurance 21 company; 22 (H) A trust, if it has total assets in excess of ten million dollars, its trustee is a 23 depository institution, and its participants are exclusively plans of the types

identified in subparagraph (F) or (G), regardless of the size of their assets,

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1		except a trust that includes as participants self-directed individual retirement
2		accounts or similar self-directed plans;
3	(I)	An organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
4		(26 U.S.C. Section 501(c)(3)), corporation, Massachusetts trust or similar
5		business trust, limited liability company, or partnership, not formed for the
6		specific purpose of acquiring the securities offered, with total assets in excess
7		of ten million dollars;
8	(J)	A small business investment company licensed by the Small Business
9		Administration under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of
10		1958 (15 U.S.C. Section 681(c)) with total assets in excess of ten million
11		dollars;
12	(K)	A private business development company as defined in Section 202(a)(22) of
13		the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80b-2(a)(22)) with
14		total assets in excess of ten million dollars;
15	(L)	A federal covered investment adviser acting for its own account;
16	(M)	A qualified institutional buyer as defined in Rule 144A(a)(1), other than Rule
17		144A(a)(1)(i)(H), adopted under the Securities Act of 1933 (17 C.F.R.
18		230.144A);
19	(N)	A major United State institutional investor as defined in Rule 15a-6(b)(4)(i)
20		adopted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 C.F.R. 240.15a-6);
21	(O)	Any other person, other than an individual, of institutional character with total
22		assets in excess of ten million dollars not organized for the specific purpose
23		of evading this Act; or
24	(P)	Any other person specified by rule adopted or order issued under this Act;

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1	(12)	insurance company, a company organized as an insurance company whose primary
2		business is writing insurance or reinsuring risks underwritten by insurance companies
3		and which is subject to supervision by the insurance commissioner or a similar
4		official or agency of a state;
5	(13)	"Insured," insured as to payment of all principal and all interest;
6	(14)	"International banking institution," an international financial institution of which the
7		United States is a member and whose securities are exempt from registration under
8		the Securities Act of 1933;
9	(15)	"Investment adviser," a person that, for compensation, engages in the business of
10		advising others, either directly or through publications or writings, as to the value of
11		securities or the advisability of investing in, purchasing, or selling securities or that,
12		for compensation and as a part of a regular business, issues or promulgates analyses
13		or reports concerning securities. The term includes a financial planner or other person
14		that, as an integral component of other financially related services, provides
15		investment advice to others for compensation as part of a business or that holds itself
16		out as providing investment advice to others for compensation. The term does not
17		include:
18		(A) An investment adviser representative;
19		(B) A lawyer, accountant, engineer, or teacher whose performance of investment
20		advice is solely incidental to the practice of the person's profession;
21		(C) A broker-dealer or its agents whose performance of investment advice is
22		solely incidental to the conduct of business as a broker-dealer and that does
23		not receive special compensation for the investment advice;
24		(D) A publisher of a bona fide newspaper, news magazine, or business or financial

1		publication of general and regular circulation;
2		(E) A federal covered investment adviser;
3		(F) A bank or savings institution;
4		(G) Any other person that is excluded by the Investment Advisers Act of 1940
5		from the definition of investment adviser; or
6		(H) Any other person excluded by rule adopted or order issued under this Act;
7	(16)	"Investment adviser representative," an individual employed by or associated with
8		an investment adviser or federal covered investment adviser and who makes any
9		recommendations or otherwise gives investment advice regarding securities, manages
10		accounts or portfolios of clients, determines which recommendation or advice
11		regarding securities should be given, provides investment advice or holds herself or
12		himself out as providing investment advice, receives compensation to solicit, offer,
13		or negotiate for the sale of or for selling investment advice, or supervises employees
14		who perform any of the foregoing. The term does not include an individual who:
15		(A) Performs only clerical or ministerial acts;
16		(B) Is an agent whose performance of investment advice is solely incidental to the
17		individual acting as an agent and who does not receive special compensation
18		for investment advisory services;
19		(C) Is employed by or associated with a federal covered investment adviser, unless
20		the individual has a place of business in this state as that term is defined by
21		rule adopted under Section 203A of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15
22		U.S.C. Section 80b-3a) and is:
23		(i) An investment adviser representative as that term is defined by rule
24		adopted under Section 203A of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940

1				(15 U.S.C. Section 80b-3a); or
2			(ii)	Not a supervised person as that term is defined in Section 202(a)(25) of
3				the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80b-2(a)(25));
4				or
5		(D)	Is ex	cluded by rule adopted or order issued under this Act;
6	(17)	"Issu	er," a p	person that issues or proposes to issue a security, subject to the following:
7		(A)	The i	ssuer of a voting trust certificate, collateral trust certificate, certificate of
8			depo	sit for a security, or share in an investment company without a board of
9			direc	tors or individuals performing similar functions is the person performing
10			the a	cts and assuming the duties of depositor or manager pursuant to the trust
11			or ot	her agreement or instrument under which the security is issued;
12		(B)	The	issuer of an equipment trust certificate or similar security serving the
13			same	purpose is the person by which the property is or will be used or to
14			whic	h the property or equipment is or will be leased or conditionally sold or
15			that	is otherwise contractually responsible for assuring payment of the
16			certif	icate;
17		(C)	The	issuer of a fractional undivided interest in an oil, gas, or other mineral
18			lease	or in payments out of production under a lease, right, or royalty is the
19			owne	er of an interest in the lease or in payments out of production under a
20			lease	, right, or royalty, whether whole or fractional, that creates fractional
21			inter	ests for the purpose of sale;
22	(18)	"Non	issuer	transaction" or "nonissuer distribution," a transaction or distribution not
23		direc	tly or i	ndirectly for the benefit of the issuer;
24	(19)	"Offe	er to pu	archase," an attempt or offer to obtain, or solicitation of an offer to sell,

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1		a security or interest in a security for value. The term does not include a tender offer
2		that is subject to Section 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
3		78n(d));
4	(20)	"Person," an individual; corporation; business trust; estate; trust; partnership; limited
5		liability company; association; joint venture; government; governmental subdivision,
6		agency, or instrumentality; public corporation; or any other legal or commercial
7		entity;
8	(21)	"Place of business," of a broker-dealer, an investment adviser, or a federal covered
9		investment adviser means:
10		(A) An office at which the broker-dealer, investment adviser, or federal covered
11		investment adviser regularly provides brokerage or investment advice or
12		solicits, meets with, or otherwise communicates with customers or clients; or
13		(B) Any other location that is held out to the general public as a location at which
14		the broker-dealer, investment adviser, or federal covered investment adviser
15		provides brokerage or investment advice or solicits, meets with, or otherwise
16		communicates with customers or clients;
17	(22)	"Predecessor act," the act repealed by Section 702;
18	(23)	"Price amendment," the amendment to a registration statement filed under the
19		Securities Act of 1933 or, if an amendment is not filed, the prospectus or prospectus
20		supplement filed under the Securities Act of 1933 that includes a statement of the
21		offering price, underwriting and selling discounts or commissions, amount of
22		proceeds, conversion rates, call prices, and other matters dependent upon the offering
23		price;
24	(24)	"Principal place of business," of a broker-dealer or an investment adviser means the

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1		executive office of the broker-dealer or investment adviser from which the officers,
2		partners, or managers of the broker-dealer or investment adviser direct, control, and
3		coordinate the activities of the broker-dealer or investment adviser;
4	(25)	"Record," except in the phrases "of record," "official record," and "public record,"
5		information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic
6		or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form;
7	(26)	"Sale," includes every contract of sale, contract to sell, or disposition of, a security
8		or interest in a security for value, and offer to sell includes every attempt or offer to
9		dispose of, or solicitation of an offer to purchase, a security or interest in a security
10		for value. Both terms include:
11		(A) A security given or delivered with, or as a bonus on account of, a purchase of
12		securities or any other thing constituting part of the subject of the purchase and
13		having been offered and sold for value;
14		(B) A gift of assessable stock involving an offer and sale; and
15		(C) A sale or offer of a warrant or right to purchase or subscribe to another
16		security of the same or another issuer and a sale or offer of a security that
17		gives the holder a present or future right or privilege to convert the security
18		into another security of the same or another issuer, including an offer of the
19		other security;
20	(27)	"Securities and Exchange Commission," the United States Securities and Exchange
21		Commission;
22	(28)	"Security," a note; stock; treasury stock; security future; bond; debenture; evidence
23		of indebtedness; certificate of interest or participation in a profit-sharing agreement;
24		collateral trust certificate; preorganization certificate or subscription; transferable

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share; investment contract; voting trust certificate; certificate of deposit for a security; fractional undivided interest in oil, gas, or other mineral rights; put, call, straddle, option, or privilege on a security, certificate of deposit, or group or index of securities, including an interest therein or based on the value thereof; put, call, straddle, option, or privilege entered into on a national securities exchange relating to foreign currency; or, in general, an interest or instrument commonly known as a security; or a certificate of interest or participation in, temporary or interim certificate for, receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing. The term:

(A) Includes both a certificated and an uncertificated security;

- (B) Does not include an insurance or endowment policy or annuity contract under which an insurance company promises to pay a fixed sum of money either in a lump sum or periodically for life or other specified period;
- (C) Does not include an interest in a contributory or noncontributory pension or welfare plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974;
- (D) Includes as an investment contract an investment in a common enterprise with the expectation of profits to be derived primarily from the efforts of a person other than the investor and a common enterprise means an enterprise in which the fortunes of the investor are interwoven with those of either the person offering the investment, a third party, or other investors; and
- (E) Includes as an investment contract, among other contracts, an interest in a limited partnership and a limited liability company and an investment in a viatical settlement or similar agreement;
- (29) "Self-regulatory organization," a national securities exchange registered under the

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1		Securities Exchange Act of 1934, a national securities association of broker-dealers
2		registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, a clearing agency registered
3		under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the Municipal Securities Rule-making
4		Board established under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934;
5	(30)	"Sign," with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
6		(A) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
7		(B) To attach or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound,
8		or process;
9	(31)	"State," a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United
10		States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction
11		of the United States.
12	Section	on 3. Section 103. Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. Section 77a et seq.), Securities
13	Exchange	e Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. Section 78a et seq.), Public Utility Holding Company Act of
14	1935 (15	U.S.C. Section 79 et seq.), Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80a-1
15	et seq.),	Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80b-1 et seq.), Employee
16	Retireme	nt Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. Section 1001 et seq.), National Housing
17	Act (12 U	J.S.C. Section 1701 et seq.), Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. Section 1 et seq.),
18	Internal F	Levenue Code (26 U.S.C. Section 1 et seq.), Securities Investor Protection Act of 1970
19	(15 U.S.C	C. Section 78aaa et seq.), Securities Litigation Uniform Standards Act of 1998 (112
20	Stat. 322	7), Small Business Investment Act of 1958 (15 U.S.C. Section 661 et seq.), and
21	Electroni	c Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (15 U.S.C. Section 7001 et seq.)
22	mean tho	se statutes and the rules and regulations adopted under those statutes, as in effect on
23	the date of	of enactment of this Act, or as later amended.
24	Section	on 4. Section 104. A reference in this Act to an agency or department of the United

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- 1 States is also a reference to a successor agency or department.
- 2 Section 5. Section 105. This Act modifies, limits, and supersedes the federal Electronic
- 3 Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, but does not modify, limit, or supersede
- 4 Section 101(c) of that act (15 U.S.C. Section 7001(c)) or authorize electronic delivery of any
- of the notices described in Section 103(b) of that act (15 U.S.C. Section 7003(b)). This Act
- 6 authorizes the filing of records and signatures, when specified by provisions of this Act or by
- 7 a rule adopted or order issued under this Act, in a manner consistent with Section 104(a) of that
- 8 act (15 U.S.C. Section 7004(a)).
- 9 Section 6. Section 201. The following securities are exempt from the requirements of
- 10 Sections 301 through 306 and 504:
- 11 (1) A security, including a revenue obligation or a separate security as defined in Rule
- 12 131 (17 C.F.R. 230.131) adopted under the Securities Act of 1933, issued, insured,
- or guaranteed by the United States; by a state; by a political subdivision of a state; by
- a public authority, agency, or instrumentality of one or more states; by a political
- subdivision of one or more states; or by a person controlled or supervised by and
- acting as an instrumentality of the United States under authority granted by the
- 17 Congress; or a certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing;
- 18 (2) A security issued, insured, or guaranteed by a foreign government with which the
- 19 United States maintains diplomatic relations, or any of its political subdivisions, if
- 20 the security is recognized as a valid obligation by the issuer, insurer, or guarantor;
- 21 (3) A security issued by and representing or that will represent an interest in or a direct
- obligation of, or be guaranteed by:
- 23 (A) An international banking institution;
- 24 (B) A banking institution organized under the laws of the United States; a member

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1		bank of the Federal Reserve System; or a depository institution a substantial
2		portion of the business of which consists or will consist of receiving deposits
3		or share accounts that are insured to the maximum amount authorized by
4		statute by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the National Credit
5		Union Share Insurance Fund, or a successor authorized by federal law or
6		exercising fiduciary powers that are similar to those permitted for national
7		banks under the authority of the Comptroller of Currency pursuant to Section
8		1 of Public Law 87-722 (12 U.S.C. Section 92a); or
9		(C) Any other depository institution, unless by rule or order the director proceeds
10		under Section 204;
11	(4)	A security issued by and representing an interest in, or a debt of, or insured or
12		guaranteed by, an insurance company authorized to do business in this state;
13	(5)	A security issued or guaranteed by a railroad, other common carrier, public utility,
14		or public utility holding company that is:
15		(A) Regulated in respect to its rates and charges by the United States or a state;
16		(B) Regulated in respect to the issuance or guarantee of the security by the United
17		States, a state, Canada, or a Canadian province or territory; or
18		(C) A public utility holding company registered under the Public Utility Holding
19		Company Act of 1935 or a subsidiary of such a registered holding company
20		within the meaning of that act;
21	(6)	A federal covered security specified in Section 18(b)(1) of the Securities Act of 1933
22		(15 U.S.C. Section 77r(b)(1)) or by rule adopted under that provision or a security
23		listed or approved for listing on another securities market specified by rule under this
24		Act; a put or a call option contract; a warrant; a subscription right on or with respect

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to such securities; or an option or similar derivative security on a security or an index of securities or foreign currencies issued by a clearing agency registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and listed or designated for trading on a national securities exchange, a facility of a national securities exchange, or a facility of a national securities association registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or an offer or sale, of the underlying security in connection with the offer, sale, or exercise of an option or other security that was exempt when the option or other security was written or issued; or an option or a derivative security designated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under Section 9(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. Section 78i(b));

(7)

A security issued by a person organized and operated exclusively for religious, educational, benevolent, fraternal, charitable, social, athletic, or reformatory purposes, or as a chamber of commerce, and not for pecuniary profit, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of a private stockholder or other person, or a security of a company that is excluded from the definition of an investment company under Section 3(c)(10)(B) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80a-3(c)(10)(B)); except that with respect to the offer or sale of a note, bond, debenture, or other evidence of indebtedness issued by such a person, a rule may be adopted under this Act limiting the availability of this exemption by classifying securities, persons, and transactions, imposing different requirements for different classes, specifying with respect to paragraph (B) the scope of the exemption and the grounds for denial or suspension, and requiring an issuer:

(A) To file a notice specifying the material terms of the proposed offer or sale and copies of any proposed sales and advertising literature to be used and provide

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1		that the exemption becomes effective if the director does not disallow the
2		exemption within the period established by the rule;
3		(B) To file a request for exemption authorization for which a rule under this Act
4		may specify the scope of the exemption, the requirement of an offering
5		statement, the filing of sales and advertising literature, the filing of consent to
6		service of process complying with Section 611, and grounds for denial or
7		suspension of the exemption; or
8		(C) To register under Section 304;
9	(8)	A member's or owner's interest in, or a retention certificate or like security given in
10		lieu of a cash patronage dividend issued by, a cooperative organized and operated as
11		a nonprofit membership cooperative under the cooperative laws of a state, but not a
12		member's or owner's interest, retention certificate, or like security sold to persons
13		other than bona fide members of the cooperative; and
14	(9)	An equipment trust certificate with respect to equipment leased or conditionally sold
15		to a person, if any security issued by the person would be exempt under this section
16		or would be a federal covered security under Section 18(b)(1) of the Securities Act
17		of 1933 (15 U.S.C. Section 77r(b)(1)).
18	Section	on 7. Section 202. The following transactions are exempt from the requirements of
19	Sections	301 through 306 and 504:
20	(1)	An isolated nonissuer transaction, whether effected by or through a broker-dealer or
21		not;
22	(2)	A nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered, or exempt from
23		registration under this Act, and a resale transaction by a sponsor of a unit investment
24		trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, in a security of a class

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1	that h	that has been outstanding in the hands of the public for at least ninety days, if, at the			
2	date o	date of the transaction:			
3	(A)	The i	ssuer of the security is engaged in business, the issuer is not in the		
4		organ	izational stage or in bankruptcy or receivership, and the issuer is not a		
5		blank	check, blind pool, or shell company that has no specific business plan		
6		or pu	rpose or has indicated that its primary business plan is to engage in a		
7		merge	er or combination of the business with, or an acquisition of, an		
8		unide	ntified person;		
9	(B)	The s	ecurity is sold at a price reasonably related to its current market price;		
10	(C)	The s	ecurity does not constitute the whole or part of an unsold allotment to,		
11		or a si	abscription or participation by, the broker-dealer as an underwriter of the		
12		secur	ity or a redistribution;		
13	(D)	A na	tionally recognized securities manual or its electronic equivalent		
14		desig	nated by rule adopted or order issued under this Act or a record filed with		
15		the So	ecurities and Exchange Commission that is publicly available contains:		
16		(i)	A description of the business and operations of the issuer;		
17					
18		(ii)	The names of the issuer's executive officers and the names of the		
19			issuer's directors, if any;		
20		(iii)	An audited balance sheet of the issuer as of a date within eighteen		
21			months before the date of the transaction or, in the case of a		
22			reorganization or merger when the parties to the reorganization or		
23			merger each had an audited balance sheet, a pro forma balance sheet for		
24			the combined organization; and		

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1		(iv)	An audited income statement for each of the issuer's two immediately
2			previous fiscal years or for the period of existence of the issuer,
3			whichever is shorter, or, in the case of a reorganization or merger when
4			each party to the reorganization or merger had audited income
5			statements, a pro forma income statement; and
6		(E) Any	y one of the following requirements is met:
7		(i)	The issuer of the security has a class of equity securities listed on a
8			national securities exchange registered under Section 6 of the Securities
9			Exchange Act of 1934 or designated for trading on the National
10			Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System;
11		(ii)	The issuer of the security is a unit investment trust registered under the
12			Investment Company Act of 1940;
13		(iii)	The issuer of the security, including its predecessors, has been engaged
14			in continuous business for at least three years; or
15		(iv)	The issuer of the security has total assets of at least two million dollars
16			based on an audited balance sheet as of a date within eighteen months
17			before the date of the transaction or, in the case of a reorganization or
18			merger when the parties to the reorganization or merger each had such
19			an audited balance sheet, a pro forma balance sheet for the combined
20			organization;
21	(3)	A nonissu	er transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered or exempt from
22		registratio	n under this Act in a security of a foreign issuer that is a margin security
23		defined in	regulations or rules adopted by the Board of Governors of the Federal
24		Reserve S	ystem;

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1	(4)	A nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered or exempt from
2		registration under this Act in an outstanding security if the guarantor of the security
3		files reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the reporting
4		requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
5		U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d));
6	(5)	A nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered or exempt from
7		registration under this Act in a security that:
8		(A) Is rated at the time of the transaction by a nationally recognized statistical
9		rating organization in one of its four highest rating categories; or
10		(B) Has a fixed maturity or a fixed interest or dividend, if:
11		(i) A default has not occurred during the current fiscal year or within the
12		three previous fiscal years or during the existence of the issuer and any
13		predecessor if less than three fiscal years, in the payment of principal,
14		interest, or dividends on the security; and
15		(ii) The issuer is engaged in business, is not in the organizational stage or
16		in bankruptcy or receivership, and is not and has not been within the
17		previous twelve months a blank check, blind pool, or shell company
18		that has no specific business plan or purpose or has indicated that its
19		primary business plan is to engage in a merger or combination of the
20		business with, or an acquisition of, an unidentified person;
21	(6)	A nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered or exempt from
22		registration under this Act effecting an unsolicited order or offer to purchase;
23	(7)	A nonissuer transaction executed by a bona fide pledgee without the purpose of
24		evading this Act;

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1	(8)	A nonissuer transaction by a federal covered investment adviser with investments				
2		under management in excess of one hundred million dollars acting in the exercise of				
3		discretionary authority in a signed record for the account of others;				
4	(9)	A transaction in a security, whether or not the security or transaction is otherwise				
5		exempt, in exchange for one or more bona fide outstanding securities, claims, or				
6		property interests, or partly in such exchange and partly for cash, if the terms and				
7		conditions of the issuance and exchange or the delivery and exchange and the				
8		fairness of the terms and conditions have been approved by the director after a				
9		hearing;				
10	(10)	A transaction between the issuer or other person on whose behalf the offering is				
11		made and an underwriter, or among underwriters;				
12	(11)	A transaction in a note, bond, debenture, or other evidence of indebtedness secured				
13		by a mortgage or other security agreement if:				
14		(A) The note, bond, debenture, or other evidence of indebtedness is offered and				
15		sold with the mortgage or other security agreement as a unit;				
16		(B) A general solicitation or general advertisement of the transaction is not made;				
17		and				
18		(C) A commission or other remuneration is not paid or given, directly or				
19		indirectly, to a person not registered under this Act as a broker-dealer or as an				
20		agent;				
21	(12)	A transaction by an executor, administrator of an estate, sheriff, marshal, receiver,				
22		trustee in bankruptcy, guardian, or conservator;				
23	(13)	A sale or offer to sell to:				
24		(A) An institutional investor;				

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1		(B) A federal covered investment adviser; or
2		(C) Any other person exempted by rule adopted or order issued under this Act;
3	(14)	A sale or an offer to sell securities of an issuer, if the transaction is part of a single
4		issue in which:
5		(A) Not more than twenty-five purchasers are present in this state during any
6		twelve consecutive months, other than those designated in paragraph (13);
7		(B) A general solicitation or general advertising is not made in connection with the
8		offer to sell or sale of the securities;
9		(C) A commission or other remuneration is not paid or given, directly or
10		indirectly, to a person other than a broker-dealer registered under this Act or
11		an agent registered under this Act for soliciting a prospective purchaser in this
12		state; and
13		(D) The issuer reasonably believes that all the purchasers in this state, other than
14		those designated in paragraph (13), are purchasing for investment;
15	(15)	A transaction under an offer to existing security holders of the issuer, including
16		persons that at the date of the transaction are holders of convertible securities,
17		options, or warrants, if a commission or other remuneration, other than a standby
18		commission, is not paid or given, directly or indirectly, for soliciting a security holder
19		in this state;
20	(16)	An offer to sell, but not a sale, of a security not exempt from registration under the
21		Securities Act of 1933 if:
22		(A) A registration or offering statement or similar record as required under the
23		Securities Act of 1933 has been filed, but is not effective, or the offer is made
24		in compliance with Rule 165 adopted under the Securities Act of 1933 (17

1		C.F.R. 230.165); and
2		(B) A stop order of which the offeror is aware has not been issued against the
3		offeror by the director or the Securities and Exchange Commission, and an
4		audit, inspection, or proceeding that is public and that may culminate in a stop
5		order is not known by the offeror to be pending;
6	(17)	An offer to sell, but not a sale, of a security exempt from registration under the
7		Securities Act of 1933 if:
8		(A) A registration statement has been filed under this Act, but is not effective;
9		(B) A solicitation of interest is provided in a record to offerees in compliance with
10		a rule adopted by the director under this Act; and
11		(C) A stop order of which the offeror is aware has not been issued by the director
12		under this Act and an audit, inspection, or proceeding that may culminate in
13		a stop order is not known by the offeror to be pending;
14	(18)	A transaction involving the distribution of the securities of an issuer to the security
15		holders of another person in connection with a merger, consolidation, exchange of
16		securities, sale of assets, or other reorganization to which the issuer, or its parent or
17		subsidiary and the other person, or its parent or subsidiary, are parties;
18	(19)	A rescission offer, sale, or purchase under Section 510;
19	(20)	An offer or sale of a security to a person not a resident of this state and not present
20		in this state if the offer or sale does not constitute a violation of the laws of the state
21		or foreign jurisdiction in which the offeree or purchaser is present and is not part of
22		an unlawful plan or scheme to evade this Act;
23	(21)	Employees' stock purchase, savings, option, profit-sharing, pension, or similar
24		employees' benefit plan, including any securities, plan interests, and guarantees

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1 issued under a compensatory benefit plan or compensation contract, contained in a 2 record, established by the issuer, its parents, its majority-owned subsidiaries, or the 3 majority-owned subsidiaries of the issuer's parent for the participation of their 4 employees including offers or sales of such securities to: 5 Directors; general partners; trustees, if the issuer is a business trust; officers; (A) 6 consultants; and advisors; 7 (B) Family members who acquire such securities from those persons through gifts 8 or domestic relations orders; 9 (C) Former employees, directors, general partners, trustees, officers, consultants, 10 and advisors if those individuals were employed by or providing services to 11 the issuer when the securities were offered; and 12 (D) Insurance agents who are exclusive insurance agents of the issuer, or the 13 issuer's subsidiaries or parents, or who derive more than fifty percent of their 14 annual income from those organizations; 15 A transaction involving: (22)A stock dividend or equivalent equity distribution, whether the corporation or 16 (A) 17 other business organization distributing the dividend or equivalent equity 18 distribution is the issuer or not, if nothing of value is given by stockholders or 19 other equity holders for the dividend or equivalent equity distribution other 20 than the surrender of a right to a cash or property dividend if each stockholder 21 or other equity holder may elect to take the dividend or equivalent equity 22 distribution in cash, property, or stock; 23 (B) An act incident to a judicially approved reorganization in which a security

issued in exchange for one or more outstanding securities, claims, or property

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(C)	The solicitation of tenders of securities by an offeror in a tender offer in
	compliance with Rule 162 adopted under the Securities Act of 1933 (17
	C F R 230 162); or

(23)A nonissuer transaction in an outstanding security by or through a broker-dealer registered or exempt from registration under this Act, if the issuer is a reporting issuer in a foreign jurisdiction designated by this paragraph or by rule adopted or order issued under this Act; has been subject to continuous reporting requirements in the foreign jurisdiction for not less than one hundred eighty days before the transaction; and the security is listed on the foreign jurisdiction's securities exchange that has been designated by this paragraph or by rule adopted or order issued under this Act, or is a security of the same issuer that is of senior or substantially equal rank to the listed security or is a warrant or right to purchase or subscribe to any of the foregoing. For purposes of this paragraph, Canada, together with its provinces and territories, is a designated foreign jurisdiction and The Toronto Stock Exchange, Inc., is a designated securities exchange. After an administrative hearing in compliance with chapter 1-26, the director, by rule adopted or order issued under this Act, may revoke the designation of a securities exchange under this paragraph, if the director finds that revocation is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors.

Section 8. Section 203. A rule adopted or order issued under this Act may exempt a security, transaction, or offer; a rule under this Act may exempt a class of securities, transactions, or offers from any or all of the requirements of Sections 301 through 306 and 504; and an order under this Act may waive, in whole or in part, any or all of the conditions for an exemption or

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offer under Sections 201 and 202. A filing required by rules adopted pursuant to this section

- 2 shall include a fee of two hundred dollars, unless a fee is otherwise identified in this Act.
- 3 Section 9. Section 204. (a) Enforcement related powers. Except with respect to a federal
- 4 covered security or a transaction involving a federal covered security, an order under this Act
- 5 may deny, suspend application of, condition, limit, or revoke an exemption created under
- 6 Section 201(3)(C), (7) or (8) or 202 or an exemption or waiver created under Section 203 with
- 7 respect to a specific security, transaction, or offer. An order under this section may be issued
- 8 only pursuant to the procedures in Section 306(d) or 604 and only prospectively.
- 9 (b) Knowledge of order required. A person does not violate Section 301, 303 through 306,
- 10 504, or 510 by an offer to sell, offer to purchase, sale, or purchase effected after the entry of an
- order issued under this section if the person did not know, and in the exercise of reasonable care
- 12 could not have known, of the order.
- Section 10. Section 301. It is unlawful for a person to offer or sell a security in this state
- 14 unless:
- 15 (1) The security is a federal covered security;
- 16 (2) The security, transaction, or offer is exempted from registration under Sections 201
- through 203; or
- 18 (3) The security is registered under this Act.
- 19 Section 11. Section 302. (a) Required filing of records. With respect to a federal covered
- security, as defined in Section 18(b)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. Section
- 21 77r(b)(2)), that is not otherwise exempt under Sections 201 through 203, a rule adopted or order
- issued under this Act may require the filing of any or all of the following records:
- 23 (1) Before the initial offer of a federal covered security in this state, all records that are
- 24 part of a federal registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange

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Commission under the Securities Act of 1933 and a consent to service of process complying with Section 611 signed by the issuer and the payment of a fee of five hundred dollars for open-end management companies with total net assets of fifty million dollars or less, or a filing fee of one thousand dollars for open-end management companies with total net assets of more than fifty million dollars but less than two hundred fifty million dollars, or a filing fee of two thousand dollars for open-end management companies with total net assets equal to or greater than two hundred fifty million dollars; two hundred and fifty dollars for closed end management companies; or a filing fee of one hundred fifty dollars for unit investment trusts. A renewal filing is required annually, including those documents that the director by rule or order may require and a fee as provided in this subparagraph a(1). An initial or renewal filing includes a separate fee for each portfolio, series, class, or other designation. An initial or renewal filing shall include the most recent financial statement showing the nets assets of each portfolio, series, class, or other designation, unless the maximum fee of two thousand dollars is paid. After the initial offer of the federal covered security in this state, all records that are part of an amendment to a federal registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933. Any amendment that includes a name change to any filing, including any portfolio, series, class, or other designation, must include a fifty dollar filing fee for each name change of each portfolio, series, class, or other designation. (b) Notice filing effectiveness and renewal. A notice filing under subsection (a) is effective

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for one year commencing on the later of the notice filing or the effectiveness of the offering filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. On or before expiration, the issuer may renew

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a notice filing by filing a copy of those records filed by the issuer with the Securities and

- 2 Exchange Commission that are required by rule or order under this Act to be filed and by paying
- a renewal fee as set forth in subsection a(1). A previously filed consent to service of process
- 4 complying with Section 611 may be incorporated by reference in a renewal. A renewed notice
- 5 filing becomes effective upon the expiration of the filing being renewed.
- 6 (c) Notice filings for federal covered securities under Section 18(b)(4)(D). With respect to
- 7 a security that is a federal covered security under Section 18(b)(4)(D) of the Securities Act of
- 8 1933(15 U.S.C. Section 77r(b)(4)(D)), a rule under this Act may require a notice filing by or on
- 9 behalf of an issuer to include a copy of Form D, including the Appendix, as promulgated by the
- 10 Securities and Exchange Commission, and a consent to service of process complying with
- Section 611 signed by the issuer not later than fifteen days after the first sale of the federal
- 12 covered security in this state and the payment of a fee of two hundred fifty dollars; and the
- payment of a fee of two hundred seventy five dollars for any late filing.
- 14 (d) Stop orders. Except with respect to a federal security under Section 18(b)(1) of the
- 15 Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. Section 77r(b)(1)), if the director finds that there is a failure
- 16 to comply with a notice or fee requirement of this section, the director may issue a stop order
- suspending the offer and sale of a federal covered security in this state. If the deficiency is
- corrected, the stop order is void as of the time of its issuance and no penalty may be imposed
- 19 by the director.
- Section 12. Section 303. (a) Registration permitted. A security for which a registration
- statement has been filed under the Securities Act of 1933 in connection with the same offering
- 22 may be registered by coordination under this section.
- 23 (b) Required records. A registration statement and accompanying records under this section
- 24 must contain or be accompanied by the following records in addition to the information

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1 specified in Section 305 and a consent to service of process complying with Section 611:

- 2 (1) A copy of the latest form of prospectus filed under the Securities Act of 1933;
- 3 (2) A copy of the articles of incorporation and bylaws or their substantial equivalents 4 currently in effect; a copy of any agreement with or among underwriters; a copy of 5 any indenture or other instrument governing the issuance of the security to be 6 registered; and a specimen, copy, or description of the security that is required by rule
- 8 (3) Copies of any other information or any other records filed by the issuer under the Securities Act of 1933 requested by the director; and

adopted or order issued under this Act;

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- An undertaking to forward each amendment to the federal prospectus, other than an 10 (4) amendment that delays the effective date of the registration statement, promptly after 12 it is filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
 - (c) Conditions for effectiveness of registration statement. A registration statement under this section becomes effective simultaneously with or subsequent to the federal registration statement when all the following conditions are satisfied:
- 16 (1) A stop order under subsection (d) or Section 306 or issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission is not in effect and a proceeding is not pending against the issuer under Section 306; and
- 19 (2) The registration statement has been on file for at least twenty days or a shorter period 20 provided by rule adopted or order issued under this Act.
 - (d) Notice of federal registration statement effectiveness. The registrant shall promptly notify the director in a record of the date when the federal registration statement becomes effective and the content of any price amendment and shall promptly file a record containing the price amendment. If the notice is not timely received, the director may issue a stop order,

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1 without prior notice or hearing, retroactively denying effectiveness to the registration statement

- 2 or suspending its effectiveness until compliance with this section. The director shall promptly
- 3 notify the registrant of an order by telegram, telephone, or electronic means and promptly
- 4 confirm this notice by a record. If the registrant subsequently complies with the notice
- 5 requirements of this section, the stop order is void as of the date of its issuance.
- 6 (e) Effectiveness of registration statement. If the federal registration statement becomes
- 7 effective before each of the conditions in this section is satisfied or is waived by the director,
- 8 the registration statement is automatically effective under this Act when all the conditions are
- 9 satisfied or waived. If the registrant notifies the director of the date when the federal registration
- statement is expected to become effective, the director shall promptly notify the registrant by
- telegram, telephone, or electronic means and promptly confirm this notice by a record,
- indicating whether all the conditions are satisfied or waived and whether the director intends the
- institution of a proceeding under Section 306. The notice by the director does not preclude the
- institution of such a proceeding.
- 15 Section 13. Section 304. (a) Registration permitted. A security may be registered by
- 16 qualification under this section.
- 17 (b) Required records. A registration statement under this section must contain the
- information or records specified in Section 305, a consent to service of process complying with
- 19 Section 611, and, if required by rule adopted under this Act, the following information or
- 20 records:
- 21 (1) With respect to the issuer and any significant subsidiary, its name, address, and form
- of organization; the state or foreign jurisdiction and date of its organization; the
- 23 general character and location of its business; a description of its physical properties
- and equipment; and a statement of the general competitive conditions in the industry

or business in which it is or will be engaged;

- (2) With respect to each director and officer of the issuer, and other person having a similar status or performing similar functions, the person's name, address, and principal occupation for the previous five years; the amount of securities of the issuer held by the person as of the thirtieth day before the filing of the registration statement; the amount of the securities covered by the registration statement to which the person has indicated an intention to subscribe; and a description of any material interest of the person in any material transaction with the issuer or a significant subsidiary effected within the previous three years or proposed to be effected;
 - (3) With respect to persons covered by paragraph (2), the aggregate sum of the remuneration paid to those persons during the previous twelve months and estimated to be paid during the next twelve months, directly or indirectly, by the issuer, and all predecessors, parents, subsidiaries, and affiliates of the issuer;
 - (4) With respect to a person owning of record or owning beneficially, if known, ten percent or more of the outstanding shares of any class of equity security of the issuer, the information specified in paragraph (2) other than the person's occupation;
 - (5) With respect to a promoter, if the issuer was organized within the previous three years, the information or records specified in paragraph (2), any amount paid to the promoter within that period or intended to be paid to the promoter, and the consideration for the payment;
 - (6) With respect to a person on whose behalf any part of the offering is to be made in a nonissuer distribution, the person's name and address; the amount of securities of the issuer held by the person as of the date of the filing of the registration statement; a description of any material interest of the person in any material transaction with the

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issuer or any significant subsidiary effected within the previous three years or proposed to be effected; and a statement of the reasons for making the offering;

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- (7) The capitalization and long term debt, on both a current and pro forma basis, of the issuer and any significant subsidiary, including a description of each security outstanding or being registered or otherwise offered, and a statement of the amount and kind of consideration, whether in the form of cash, physical assets, services, patents, goodwill, or anything else of value, for which the issuer or any subsidiary has issued its securities within the previous two years or is obligated to issue its securities;
- The kind and amount of securities to be offered; the proposed offering price or the (8) method by which it is to be computed; any variation at which a proportion of the offering is to be made to a person or class of persons other than the underwriters, with a specification of the person or class; the basis on which the offering is to be made if otherwise than for cash; the estimated aggregate underwriting and selling discounts or commissions and finders' fees, including separately cash, securities, contracts, or anything else of value to accrue to the underwriters or finders in connection with the offering or, if the selling discounts or commissions are variable, the basis of determining them and their maximum and minimum amounts; the estimated amounts of other selling expenses, including legal, engineering, and accounting charges; the name and address of each underwriter and each recipient of a finder's fee; a copy of any underwriting or selling group agreement under which the distribution is to be made or the proposed form of any such agreement whose terms have not yet been determined; and a description of the plan of distribution of any securities that are to be offered otherwise than through an underwriter;

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The estimated monetary proceeds to be received by the issuer from the offering; the purposes for which the proceeds are to be used by the issuer; the estimated amount to be used for each purpose; the order or priority in which the proceeds will be used for the purposes stated; the amounts of any funds to be raised from other sources to achieve the purposes stated; the sources of the funds; and, if a part of the proceeds is to be used to acquire property, including goodwill, otherwise than in the ordinary course of business, the names and addresses of the vendors, the purchase price, the names of any persons that have received commissions in connection with the acquisition, and the amounts of the commissions and other expenses in connection with the acquisition, including the cost of borrowing money to finance the acquisition;

(9)

- (10) A description of any stock options or other security options outstanding, or to be created in connection with the offering, and the amount of those options held or to be held by each person required to be named in paragraph (2), (4), (5), (6), or (8) and by any person that holds or will hold ten percent or more in the aggregate of those options;
- (11) The dates of, parties to, and general effect concisely stated of each managerial or other material contract made or to be made otherwise than in the ordinary course of business to be performed in whole or in part at or after the filing of the registration statement or that was made within the previous two years, and a copy of the contract;
- (12) A description of any pending litigation, action, or proceeding to which the issuer is a party and that materially affects its business or assets, and any litigation, action, or proceeding known to be contemplated by governmental authorities;
- (13) A copy of any prospectus, pamphlet, circular, form letter, advertisement, or other

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1 sales literature intended as of the effective date to be used in connection with the 2 offering and any solicitation of interest used in compliance with Section 202(17)(B); 3 A specimen or copy of the security being registered, unless the security is (14)4 uncertificated; a copy of the issuer's articles of incorporation and bylaws or their 5 substantial equivalents, in effect; and a copy of any indenture or other instrument 6 covering the security to be registered; 7 (15)A signed or conformed copy of an opinion of counsel concerning the legality of the 8 security being registered, with an English translation if it is in a language other than 9 English, which states whether the security when sold will be validly issued, fully 10 paid, and nonassessable and, if a debt security, a binding obligation of the issuer; 11 (16)A signed or conformed copy of a consent of any accountant, engineer, appraiser, or 12 other person whose profession gives authority for a statement made by the person, 13 if the person is named as having prepared or certified a report or valuation, other than 14 an official record, that is public, which is used in connection with the registration 15 statement; 16 A balance sheet of the issuer as of a date within four months before the filing of the (17)17 registration statement; a statement of income and a statement of cash flows for each 18 of the three fiscal years preceding the date of the balance sheet and for any period 19 between the close of the immediately previous fiscal year and the date of the balance 20 sheet, or for the period of the issuer's and any predecessor's existence if less than 21 three years; and, if any part of the proceeds of the offering is to be applied to the 22 purchase of a business, the financial statements that would be required if that 23 business were the registrant; and 24 (18)Any additional information or records required by rule adopted or order issued under

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1 this Act.

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- (c) Conditions for effectiveness of registration statement. A registration statement under this
 section becomes effective thirty days, or any shorter period provided by rule adopted or order
- 4 issued under this Act, after the date the registration statement or the last amendment other than
- 5 a price amendment is filed, if:
- 6 (1) A stop order is not in effect and a proceeding is not pending under Section 306;
- 7 (2) The director has not issued an order under Section 306 delaying effectiveness; and
- 8 (3) The applicant or registrant has not requested that effectiveness be delayed.
 - (d) Delay of effectiveness of registration statement. The director may delay effectiveness once for not more than ninety days if the director determines the registration statement is not complete in all material respects and promptly notifies the applicant or registrant of that determination. The director may also delay effectiveness for a further period of not more than
- 14 (e) Prospectus distribution may be required. A rule adopted or order issued under this Act
 15 may require as a condition of registration under this section that a prospectus containing a

thirty days if the director determines that the delay is necessary or appropriate.

- specified part of the information or record specified in subsection (b) be sent or given to each
- person to which an offer is made, before or concurrently, with the earliest of:
- 18 (1) The first offer made in a record to the person otherwise than by means of a public
- advertisement, by or for the account of the issuer or another person on whose behalf
- 20 the offering is being made or by an underwriter or broker-dealer that is offering part
- of an unsold allotment or subscription taken by the person as a participant in the
- distribution;
- 23 (2) The confirmation of a sale made by or for the account of the person;
- 24 (3) Payment pursuant to such a sale; or

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- 1 (4) Delivery of the security pursuant to such a sale.
- 2 Section 14. Section 305. (a) Who may file. A registration statement may be filed by the
- 3 issuer, a person on whose behalf the offering is to be made, or a broker-dealer registered under
- 4 this Act.
- 5 (b) Filing fee. A person filing a registration statement shall pay a filing fee as follows: On
- 6 the first five hundred thousand dollars of the total proposed sale price of the securities covered
- by such registration, the sum of one dollar per thousand dollars. All registrations over five
- 8 hundred thousand dollars, the sum of five hundred dollars, plus seventy-five cents per thousand
- 9 dollars of excess over five hundred thousand dollars. The minimum fee is one hundred dollars.
- 10 The maximum fee is two thousand dollars. If a registration statement is withdrawn before the
- effective date or a pre-effective stop order is issued under Section 306, the director shall retain
- the minimum fee of one hundred dollars.
- 13 (c) Status of offering. A registration statement filed under Section 303 or 304 must specify:
- 14 (1) The amount of securities to be offered in this state;
- 15 (2) The states in which a registration statement or similar record in connection with the
- offering has been or is to be filed; and
- 17 (3) Any adverse order, judgment, or decree issued in connection with the offering by a
- state securities regulator, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or a court.
- 19 (d) Incorporation by reference. A record filed under this Act or the predecessor act within
- 20 five years preceding the filing of a registration statement may be incorporated by reference in
- 21 the registration statement to the extent that the record is currently accurate.
- (e) Nonissuer distribution. In the case of a nonissuer distribution, information or a record
- 23 may not be required under subsection (h) or Section 304, unless it is known to the person filing
- 24 the registration statement or to the person on whose behalf the distribution is to be made or

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unless it can be furnished by those persons without unreasonable effort or expense.

(f) Form of subscription. A rule adopted or order issued under this Act may require as a condition of registration that a security registered under this Act be sold only on a specified form of subscription or sale contract and that a signed or conformed copy of each contract be filed under this Act or preserved for a period specified by the rule or order, which may not be longer than five years.

(g) Effective period. Except while a stop order is in effect under Section 306, a registration statement is effective for one year after its effective date, or for any longer period designated in an order under this Act during which the security is being offered or distributed in a nonexempted transaction by or for the account of the issuer or other person on whose behalf the offering is being made or by an underwriter or broker-dealer that is still offering part of an unsold allotment or subscription taken as a participant in the distribution. For the purposes of a nonissuer transaction, all outstanding securities of the same class identified in the registration statement as a security registered under this Act are considered to be registered while the registration statement is effective. If any securities of the same class are outstanding, a registration statement may not be withdrawn until one year after its effective date. A registration statement may be withdrawn only with the approval of the director. A fee of one hundred dollars is required for any extension of registration.

(h) Periodic reports. While a registration statement is effective, a rule adopted or order issued under this Act may require the person that filed the registration statement to file reports, not more often than quarterly, to keep the information or other record in the registration statement reasonably current and to disclose the progress of the offering. The only fee required for filing a report under this subsection (h) is for the annual report. The annual report fee is twenty-five dollars.

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(i) Post-effective amendments. A registration statement may be amended after its effective date. The post-effective amendment becomes effective when the director so orders. If a post-effective amendment is made to increase the number of securities specified to be offered or sold, the person filing the amendment shall pay a late registration fee of twenty five dollars and a filing fee, calculated in the manner specified in subsection (b). A post-effective amendment relates back to the date of the offering of the additional securities being registered if, within one year after the date of the sale, the amendment is filed and the additional registration fee is paid.

Section 15. Section 306. (a) Stop orders. The director may issue a stop order denying effectiveness to, or suspending or revoking the effectiveness of, a registration statement if the director finds that the order is in the public interest and that:

- (1) The registration statement as of its effective date or before the effective date in the case of an order denying effectiveness, an amendment under Section 305(i) as of its effective date, or a report under Section 305(h), is incomplete in a material respect or contains a statement that, in the light of the circumstances under which it was made, was false or misleading with respect to a material fact;
- (2) This Act or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act or a condition imposed under this Act has been willfully violated, in connection with the offering, by the person filing the registration statement; by the issuer, a partner, officer, or director of the issuer or a person having a similar status or performing a similar function; a promoter of the issuer; or a person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by the issuer; but only if the person filing the registration statement is directly or indirectly controlled by or acting for the issuer; or by an underwriter;
- (3) The security registered or sought to be registered is the subject of a permanent or temporary injunction of a court of competent jurisdiction or an administrative stop

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order or similar order issued under any federal, foreign, or state law other than this Act applicable to the offering, but the director may not institute a proceeding against an effective registration statement under this paragraph more than one year after the date of the order or injunction on which it is based, and the director may not issue an order under this paragraph on the basis of an order or injunction issued under the securities act of another state unless the order or injunction was based on conduct that would constitute, as of the date of the order, a ground for a stop order under this section;

(4) The issuer's enterprise or method of business includes or would include activities that are unlawful where performed;

- (5) With respect to a security sought to be registered under Section 303, there has been a failure to comply with the undertaking required by Section 303(b)(4); or
- (6) The applicant or registrant has not paid the filing fee, but the director shall void the order if the deficiency is corrected.
- (b) Institution of stop order. The director may not institute a stop order proceeding against an effective registration statement on the basis of conduct or a transaction known to the director when the registration statement became effective unless the proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the registration statement became effective.
- (c) Summary process. The director may summarily revoke, deny, postpone, or suspend the effectiveness of a registration statement pending final determination of an administrative proceeding. Upon the issuance of the order, the director shall promptly notify each person specified in subsection (d) that the order has been issued, the reasons for the revocation, denial, postponement, or suspension, and that within fifteen days after the receipt of a request in a record from the person the matter will be scheduled for a hearing. If a hearing is not requested

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and none is ordered by the director, within thirty days after the date of service of the order, the

- 2 order becomes final. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the director, after notice of and
- 3 opportunity for hearing for each person subject to the order, may modify or vacate the order or
- 4 extend the order until final determination.
- 5 (d) Procedural requirements for stop order. A stop order may not be issued under this section6 without:
- 7 (1) Appropriate notice to the applicant or registrant, the issuer, and the person on whose 8 behalf the securities are to be or have been offered;
- 9 (2) An opportunity for hearing; and

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investors.

- 10 (3) Findings of fact and conclusions of law in a record in accordance with chapter 1-26.
- 11 (e) Modification or vacation of stop order. The director may modify or vacate a stop order 12 issued under this section if the director finds that the conditions that caused its issuance have 13 changed or that it is necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of
- Section 16. Section 307. The director may waive or modify, in whole or in part, any or all of the requirements of Sections 302, 303, and 304(b) or the requirement of any information or record in a registration statement or in a periodic report filed pursuant to Section 305(h).
 - Section 17. Section 401. (a) Registration requirement. It is unlawful for a person to transact business in this state as a broker-dealer unless the person is registered under this Act as a broker-dealer or is exempt from registration as a broker-dealer under subsection (b) or (d).
- 21 (b) Exemptions from registration. The following persons are exempt from the registration 22 requirement of subsection (a):
- 23 (1) A broker-dealer without a place of business in this state if its only transactions 24 effected in this state are with:

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1	(A)	The i	ssuer of the securities involved in the transactions;
2	(B)	A bro	ker-dealer registered as a broker-dealer under this Act or not required to
3		be reg	gistered as a broker-dealer under this Act;
4	(C)	An in	astitutional investor;
5	(D)	A no	naffiliated federal covered investment adviser with investments under
6		mana	gement in excess of one hundred million dollars acting for the account
7		of oth	ners pursuant to discretionary authority in a signed record;
8	(E)	A boı	na fide preexisting customer whose principal place of residence is not in
9		this s	tate and the person is registered as a broker-dealer under the Securities
10		Exch	ange Act of 1934 or not required to be registered under the Securities
11		Exch	ange Act of 1934 and is registered under the securities act of the state in
12		which	n the customer maintains a principal place of residence;
13	(F)	A bor	na fide preexisting customer whose principal place of residence is in this
14		state	but was not present in this state when the customer relationship was
15		estab	lished, if:
16		(i)	The broker-dealer is registered under the Securities Exchange Act of
17			1934 or not required to be registered under the Securities Exchange Act
18			of 1934 and is registered under the securities laws of the state in which
19			the customer relationship was established and where the customer had
20			maintained a principal place of residence; and
21		(ii)	Within forty-five days after the customer's first transaction in this state,
22			the person files an application for registration as a broker-dealer in this
23			state and a further transaction is not effected more than seventy-five
24			days after the date on which the application is filed, or, if earlier, the

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1	date on which the director notifies the person that the director has
2	denied the application for registration or has stayed the pendency of the
3	application for good cause;
4	(G) Not more than three customers in this state during the previous twelve months,
5	in addition to those customers specified in subparagraphs (A) through (F) and
6	under subparagraph (H), if the broker-dealer is registered under the Securities
7	Exchange Act of 1934 or not required to be registered under the Securities
8	Exchange Act of 1934 and is registered under the securities act of the state in
9	which the broker-dealer has its principal place of business; and
10	(H) Any other person exempted by rule adopted or order issued under this Act; and
11	(2) A person that deals solely in United States government securities and is supervised
12	as a dealer in government securities by the Board of Governors of the Federal
13	Reserve System, the Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal Deposit Insurance
14	Corporation, or the Office of Thrift Supervision.
15	(c) Limits on employment or association. It is unlawful for a broker-dealer, or for an issuer
16	engaged in offering, offering to purchase, purchasing, or selling securities in this state, directly
17	or indirectly, to employ or associate with an individual to engage in an activity related to
18	securities transactions in this state if the registration of the individual is suspended or revoked
19	or the individual is barred from employment or association with a broker-dealer, an issuer, an
20	investment adviser, or a federal covered investment adviser by an order of the director under this
21	Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or a self-regulatory organization. A broker-
22	dealer or issuer does not violate this subsection if the broker-dealer or issuer did not know and
23	in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the suspension, revocation, or bar.

Upon request from a broker-dealer or issuer and for good cause, an order under this Act may

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modify or waive, in whole or in part, the application of the prohibitions of this subsection to the
 broker-dealer.

(d) Foreign transactions. A rule adopted or order issued under this Act may permit:

- (1) A broker-dealer that is registered in Canada or other foreign jurisdiction and that does not have a place of business in this state to effect transactions in securities with or for, or attempt to effect the purchase or sale of any securities by:
 - (A) An individual from Canada or other foreign jurisdiction who is temporarily present in this state and with whom the broker-dealer had a bona fide customer relationship before the individual entered the United States;
 - (B) An individual from Canada or other foreign jurisdiction who is present in this state and whose transactions are in a self-directed tax advantaged retirement plan of which the individual is the holder or contributor in that foreign jurisdiction; or
 - (C) An individual who is present in this state, with whom the broker-dealer customer relationship arose while the individual was temporarily or permanently a resident in Canada or the other foreign jurisdiction; and
 - (2) An agent who represents a broker-dealer that is exempt under this subsection to effect transactions in securities or attempt to effect the purchase or sale of securities in this state as permitted for a broker-dealer described in paragraph (1).
- Section 18. Section 402. (a) Registration requirement. It is unlawful for an individual to transact business in this state as an agent unless the individual is registered under this Act as an agent or is exempt from registration as an agent under subsection (b).
 - (b) Exemptions from registration. The following individuals are exempt from the registration requirement of subsection (a):

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An individual who represents a broker-dealer in effecting transactions in this state
limited to those described in Section 15(h)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
(15 U.S.C. Section 78(o)(2));

- (2) An individual who represents a broker-dealer that is exempt under Section 401(b) or (d);
- (3) An individual who represents an issuer with respect to an offer or sale of the issuer's own securities or those of the issuer's parent or any of the issuer's subsidiaries, and who is not compensated in connection with the individual's participation by the payment of commissions or other remuneration based, directly or indirectly, on transactions in those securities;
 - (4) An individual who represents an issuer and who effects transactions in the issuer's securities exempted by Section 202, other than Section 202(11) and (14);
 - (5) An individual who represents an issuer that effects transactions solely in federal covered securities of the issuer, but an individual who effects transactions in a federal covered security under Section 18(b)(3) or 18(b)(4)(D) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. Section 77r(b)(3) or 77r(b)(4)(D)) is not exempt if the individual is compensated in connection with the agent's participation by the payment of commissions or other remuneration based, directly or indirectly, on transactions in those securities;
 - (6) An individual who represents a broker-dealer registered in this state under Section 401(a) or exempt from registration under Section 401(b) in the offer and sale of securities for an account of a nonaffiliated federal covered investment adviser with investments under management in excess of one hundred million dollars acting for the account of others pursuant to discretionary authority in a signed record;

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1	(7) An individual who represents an issuer in connection with the purchase of the issue	er's
2	own securities;	
3	(8) An individual who represents an issuer and who restricts participation to performi	ing
4	clerical or ministerial acts; or	
5	(9) Any other individual exempted by rule adopted or order issued under this Act.	
6	(c) Registration effective only while employed or associated. The registration of an age	ent
7	is effective only while the agent is employed by or associated with a broker-dealer register	red
8	under this Act or an issuer that is offering, selling, or purchasing its securities in this state.	
9	(d) Limit on employment or association. It is unlawful for a broker-dealer, or an issu	uer
10	engaged in offering, selling, or purchasing securities in this state, to employ or associate w	ith
11	an agent who transacts business in this state on behalf of broker-dealers or issuers unless t	the
12	agent is registered under subsection (a) or exempt from registration under subsection (b).	
13	(e) Limit on affiliations. An individual may not act as an agent for more than one broke	er-
14	dealer or one issuer at a time, unless the broker-dealer or the issuer for which the agent acts a	are
15	affiliated by direct or indirect common control or are authorized by rule or order under this A	ct.
16	Section 19. Section 403. (a) Registration requirement. It is unlawful for a person to transaction	act
17	business in this state as an investment adviser unless the person is registered under this Act	as
18	an investment adviser or is exempt from registration as an investment adviser under subsecti	on
19	(b).	
20	(b) Exemptions from registration. The following persons are exempt from the registration	on
21	requirement of subsection (a):	
22	(1) A person without a place of business in this state that is registered under t	the
23	securities act of the state in which the person has its principal place of business if	its
24	only clients in this state are:	

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1 (A) Federal covered investment advisers, investment advisers registered under this 2 Act, or broker-dealers registered under this Act; 3 (B) Institutional investors; 4 Bona fide preexisting clients whose principal places of residence are not in (C) 5 this state if the investment adviser is registered under the securities act of the 6 state in which the clients maintain principal places of residence; or 7 (D) Any other client exempted by rule adopted or order issued under this Act; 8 (2) A person without a place of business in this state if the person has had, during the 9 preceding twelve months, not more than five clients that are resident in this state in 10 addition to those specified under paragraph (1); or 11 (3) Any other person exempted by rule adopted or order issued under this Act. 12 (c) Limits on employment or association. It is unlawful for an investment adviser, directly 13 or indirectly, to employ or associate with an individual to engage in an activity related to 14 investment advice in this state if the registration of the individual is suspended or revoked or 15 the individual is barred from employment or association with an investment adviser, federal 16 covered investment adviser, or broker-dealer by an order under this Act, the Securities and 17 Exchange Commission, or a self-regulatory organization, unless the investment adviser did not 18 know, and in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the suspension, 19 revocation, or bar. Upon request from the investment adviser and for good cause, the director, 20 by order, may waive, in whole or in part, the application of the prohibitions of this subsection 21 to the investment adviser.

(d) Investment adviser representative registration required. It is unlawful for an investment adviser to employ or associate with an individual required to be registered under this Act as an investment adviser representative who transacts business in this state on behalf of the

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1 investment adviser unless the individual is registered under Section 404(a) or is exempt from

- 2 registration under Section 404(b).
- 3 Section 20. Section 404. (a) Registration requirement. It is unlawful for an individual to
- 4 transact business in this state as an investment adviser representative unless the individual is
- 5 registered under this Act as an investment adviser representative or is exempt from registration
- 6 as an investment adviser representative under subsection (b).
- 7 (b) Exemptions from registration. The following individuals are exempt from the
- 8 registration requirement of subsection (a):
- 9 (1) An individual who is employed by or associated with an investment adviser that is
- exempt from registration under Section 403(b) or a federal covered investment
- adviser that is excluded from the notice filing requirements of Section 405; and
- 12 (2) Any other individual exempted by rule adopted or order issued under this Act.
- 13 (c) Registration effective only while employed or associated. The registration of an
- 14 investment adviser representative is not effective while the investment adviser representative
- is not employed by or associated with an investment adviser registered under this Act or a
- 16 federal covered investment adviser that has made or is required to make a notice filing under
- 17 Section 405.
- 18 (d) Limit on affiliations. An individual may transact business as an investment adviser
- 19 representative for more than one investment adviser or federal covered investment adviser
- 20 unless a rule adopted or order issued under this Act prohibits or limits an individual from acting
- 21 as an investment adviser representative for more than one investment adviser or federal covered
- 22 investment adviser.
- 23 (e) Limits on employment or association. It is unlawful for an individual acting as an
- investment adviser representative, directly or indirectly, to conduct business in this state on

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behalf of an investment adviser or a federal covered investment adviser if the registration of the

- 2 individual as an investment adviser representative is suspended or revoked or the individual is
- 3 barred from employment or association with an investment adviser or a federal covered
- 4 investment adviser by an order under this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or a
- 5 self-regulatory organization. Upon request from a federal covered investment adviser and for
- 6 good cause, the director, by order issued, may waive, in whole or in part, the application of the
- 7 requirements of this subsection to the federal covered investment adviser.
- 8 (f) Referral fees. An investment adviser registered under this Act, a federal covered
- 9 investment adviser that has filed a notice under Section 405, or a broker-dealer registered under
- 10 this Act is not required to employ or associate with an individual as an investment adviser
- 11 representative if the only compensation paid to the individual for a referral of investment
- advisory clients is paid to an investment adviser registered under this Act, a federal covered
- investment adviser who has filed a notice under Section 405, or a broker-dealer registered under
- 14 this Act with which the individual is employed or associated as an investment adviser
- 15 representative.
- Section 21. Section 405. (a) Notice filing requirement. Except with respect to a federal
- 17 covered investment adviser described in subsection (b), it is unlawful for a federal covered
- investment adviser to transact business in this state as a federal covered investment adviser
- unless the federal covered investment adviser complies with subsection (c).
- 20 (b) Notice filing requirement not required. The following federal covered investment
- 21 advisers are not required to comply with subsection (c):
- 22 (1) A federal covered investment adviser without a place of business in this state if its
- 23 only clients in this state are:
- 24 (A) Federal covered investment advisers, investment advisers registered under this

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1		Act, and broker-dealers registered under this Act;
2	(B)	Institutional investors;
3	(C)	Bona fide preexisting clients whose principal places of residence are not in
4		this state; or
5	(D)	Other clients specified by rule adopted or order issued under this Act;
6	(2) A fee	deral covered investment adviser without a place of business in this state if the
7	perso	on has had, during the preceding twelve months, not more than five clients that
8	are r	esident in this state in addition to those specified under paragraph (1); and
9	(3) Any	other person excluded by rule adopted or order issued under this Act.
10	(c) Notice f	iling procedure. A person acting as a federal covered investment adviser, not
11	excluded under	subsection (b), shall file a notice, a consent to service of process complying with
12	Section 611, an	d such records as have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission
13	under the Inves	tment Advisers Act of 1940 required by rule adopted or order issued under this
14	Act and pay the	e fees specified in Section 410(e).
15	(d) Effectiv	eness of filing. The notice under subsection (c) becomes effective upon its filing.
16	Section 22.	Section 406. (a) Application for initial registration. A person shall register as a
17	broker-dealer,	agent, investment adviser, or investment adviser representative by filing an
18	application and	a consent to service of process complying with Section 611, and paying the fee
19	specified in Sec	ction 410 and any reasonable fees charged by the designee of the director for
20	processing the	filing. The application must contain:
21	(1) The	information or record required for the filing of a uniform application; and
22	(2) Upon	n request by the director, any other financial or other information or record that
23	the d	lirector determines is appropriate.
24	(b) Amend	ment. If the information or record contained in an application filed under

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subsection (a) is or becomes inaccurate or incomplete in a material respect, the registrant shall

- 2 promptly file a correcting amendment.
- 3 (c) Effectiveness of registration. If an order is not in effect and a proceeding is not pending
- 4 under Section 412, registration becomes effective at noon on the forty-fifth day after a
- 5 completed application is filed, unless the registration is denied. A rule adopted or order issued
- 6 under this Act may set an earlier effective date or may defer the effective date until noon on the
- 7 forty-fifth day after the filing of any amendment completing the application.
- 8 (d) Registration renewal. A registration is effective until midnight on December thirty-first
- 9 of the year for which the application for registration is filed. Unless an order is in effect under
- 10 Section 412, a registration may be automatically renewed each year by filing such records as are
- required by rule adopted or order issued under this Act, by paying the fee specified in Section
- 12 410, and by paying costs charged by the designee of the director for processing the filings.
- 13 (e) Additional conditions or waivers. A rule adopted or order issued under this Act may
- 14 impose such other conditions, not inconsistent with the National Securities Markets
- 15 Improvement Act of 1996. An order issued under this Act may waive, in whole or in part,
- specific requirements in connection with registration as are in the public interest and for the
- 17 protection of investors.
- Section 23. Section 407. (a) Succession. A broker-dealer or investment adviser may succeed
- 19 to the current registration of another broker-dealer or investment adviser or a notice filing of a
- 20 federal covered investment adviser, and a federal covered investment adviser may succeed to
- 21 the current registration of an investment adviser or notice filing of another federal covered
- investment adviser, by filing as a successor an application for registration pursuant to Section
- 23 401 or 403 or a notice pursuant to Section 405 for the unexpired portion of the current
- 24 registration or notice filing.

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(b) Organizational change. A broker-dealer or investment adviser that changes its form of organization or state of incorporation or organization may continue its registration by filing an amendment to its registration if the change does not involve a material change in its financial condition or management. The amendment becomes effective when filed or on a date designated by the registrant in its filing. The new organization is a successor to the original registrant for the purposes of this Act. If there is a material change in financial condition or management, the broker-dealer or investment adviser shall file a new application for registration. A predecessor registered under this Act shall stop conducting its securities business other than winding down transactions and shall file for withdrawal of broker-dealer or investment adviser registration within forty-five days after filing its amendment to effect succession.

- (c) Name change. A broker-dealer or investment adviser that changes its name may continue its registration by filing an amendment to its registration. The amendment becomes effective when filed or on a date designated by the registrant.
- (d) Change of control. A change of control of a broker-dealer or investment adviser may be made in accordance with a rule adopted or order issued under this Act.
 - Section 24. Section 408. (a) Notice of termination. If an agent registered under this Act terminates employment by or association with a broker-dealer or issuer, or if an investment adviser representative registered under this Act terminates employment by or association with an investment adviser or federal covered investment adviser, or if either registrant terminates activities that require registration as an agent or investment adviser representative, the broker-dealer, issuer, investment adviser, or federal covered investment adviser shall promptly file a notice of termination. If the registrant learns that the broker-dealer, issuer, investment adviser, or federal covered investment adviser has not filed the notice, the registrant may do so.
 - (b) Transfer of employment or association. If an agent registered under this Act terminates

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employment by or association with a broker-dealer registered under this Act and begins employment by or association with another broker-dealer registered under this Act; or if an investment adviser representative registered under this Act terminates employment by or association with an investment adviser registered under this Act or a federal covered investment adviser that has filed a notice under Section 405 and begins employment by or association with another investment adviser registered under this Act or a federal covered investment adviser that has filed a notice under Section 405; then upon the filing by or on behalf of the registrant, within thirty days after the termination, of an application for registration that complies with the requirement of Section 406(a) and payment of the filing fee required under Section 410, the registration of the agent or investment adviser representative is:

(1)

- Immediately effective as of the date of the completed filing, if the agent's Central Registration Depository record or successor record or the investment adviser representative's Investment Adviser Registration Depository record or successor record does not contain a new or amended disciplinary disclosure within the previous twelve months; or
- (2) Temporarily effective as of the date of the completed filing, if the agent's Central Registration Depository record or successor record or the investment adviser representative's Investment Adviser Registration Depository record or successor record contains a new or amended disciplinary disclosure within the preceding twelve months.
- (c) Withdrawal of temporary registration. The director may withdraw a temporary registration if there are or were grounds for discipline as specified in Section 412 and the director does so within thirty days after the filing of the application. If the director does not withdraw the temporary registration within the thirty-day period, registration becomes

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- automatically effective on the thirty-first day after filing.
- 2 (d) Power to prevent registration. The director may prevent the effectiveness of a transfer
- 3 of an agent or investment adviser representative under subsection (b)(1) or (2) based on the
- 4 public interest and the protection of investors.
- 5 (e) Termination of registration or application for registration. If the director determines that
- 6 a registrant or applicant for registration is no longer in existence or has ceased to act as a broker-
- 7 dealer, agent, investment adviser, or investment adviser representative, or is the subject of an
- 8 adjudication of incapacity or is subject to the control of a committee, conservator, or guardian,
- 9 or cannot reasonably be located, a rule adopted or order issued under this Act may require the
- 10 registration be canceled or terminated or the application denied. The director may reinstate a
- canceled or terminated registration, with or without hearing, and may make the registration
- 12 retroactive.

- Section 25. Section 409. Withdrawal of registration by a broker-dealer, agent, investment
- 14 adviser, or investment adviser representative becomes effective sixty days after the filing of the
- application to withdraw or within any shorter period as provided by rule adopted or order issued
- under this Act unless a revocation or suspension proceeding is pending when the application is
- 17 filed. If a proceeding is pending, withdrawal becomes effective when and upon such conditions
- as required by rule adopted or order issued under this Act. The director may institute a
- 19 revocation or suspension proceeding under Section 412 within one year after the withdrawal
- 20 became effective automatically and issue a revocation or suspension order as of the last date on
- 21 which registration was effective if a proceeding is not pending.
- Section 26. Section 410. (a) Broker-dealers. A person shall pay a fee of one hundred fifty
- dollars when initially filing an application for registration as a broker-dealer and a fee of one
- 24 hundred fifty dollars when filing a renewal of registration as a broker-dealer. If the filing results

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- in a denial or withdrawal, the director shall retain the fee.
- 2 (b) Agents. The fee for an individual is one hundred twenty five dollars when filing an
- 3 application for registration as an agent, a fee of one hundred twenty five dollars when filing a
- 4 renewal of registration as an agent, and a fee of one hundred twenty five dollars when filing for
- 5 a change of registration as an agent. If the filing results in a denial or withdrawal, the director
- 6 shall retain the fee.
- 7 (c) Investment advisers. A person shall pay a fee of one hundred dollars when filing an
- 8 application for registration as an investment adviser and a fee of one hundred dollars when filing
- 9 a renewal of registration as an investment adviser. If the filing results in a denial or withdrawal,
- 10 the director shall retain the fee.
- 11 (d) Investment adviser representatives. The fee for an individual is fifty dollars when filing
- an application for registration as an investment adviser representative, a fee of fifty dollars when
- filing a renewal of registration as an investment adviser representative, and a fee of fifty dollars
- when filing a change of registration as an investment adviser representative. If the filing results
- in a denial or withdrawal, the director shall retain the fee.
- 16 (e) Federal covered investment advisers. A federal covered investment adviser required to
- 17 file a notice under Section 405 shall pay an initial fee of two hundred dollars and an annual
- 18 notice fee of two hundred dollars.
- 19 (f) Payment. A person required to pay a filing or notice fee under this section may transmit
- 20 the fee through or to a designee as a rule or order provides under this Act.
- Section 27. Section 411. (a) Financial requirements. Subject to Section 15(h) of the
- Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. Section 78o(h)) or Section 222 of the Investment
- Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80b-22), a rule adopted or order issued under this Act
- 24 may establish minimum financial requirements for broker-dealers registered or required to be

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1 registered under this Act and investment advisers registered or required to be registered under

- 2 this Act.
- 3 (b) Financial reports. Subject to Section 15(h) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
- 4 U.S.C. Section 78o(h)) or Section 222(b) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
- 5 Section 80b-22), a broker-dealer registered or required to be registered under this Act and an
- 6 investment adviser registered or required to be registered under this Act shall file such financial
- 7 reports as are required by a rule adopted or order issued under this Act. If the information
- 8 contained in a record filed under this subsection is or becomes inaccurate or incomplete in a
- 9 material respect, the registrant shall promptly file a correcting amendment.
- 10 (c) Record keeping. Subject to Section 15(h) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
- 11 U.S.C. Section 780(h)) or Section 222 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
- 12 Section 80b-22):
- 13 (1) A broker-dealer registered or required to be registered under this Act and an
- investment adviser registered or required to be registered under this Act shall make
- and maintain the accounts, correspondence, memoranda, papers, books, and other
- records required by rule adopted or order issued under this Act;
- 17 (2) Broker-dealer records required to be maintained under paragraph (1) may be
- maintained in any form of data storage acceptable under Section 17(a) of the
- 19 Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. Section 78q(a)) if they are readily
- accessible to the director; and
- 21 (3) Investment adviser records required to be maintained under paragraph (1) may be
- 22 maintained in any form of data storage required by rule adopted or order issued under
- this Act.
- 24 (d) Audits or inspections. The records of a broker-dealer registered or required to be

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registered under this Act and of an investment adviser registered or required to be registered under this Act are subject to such reasonable periodic, special, or other audits or inspections by a representative of the director, within or without this state, as the director considers necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors. An audit or inspection may be made at any time and without prior notice. The director may copy, and remove for audit or inspection copies of, all records the director reasonably considers necessary or appropriate to conduct the audit or inspection. The director may assess a reasonable charge for conducting an audit or inspection under this subsection.

(e) Custody and discretionary authority bond or insurance. Subject to Section 15(h) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. Section 78o(h)) or Section 222 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80b-22), a rule adopted or order issued under this Act may require a broker-dealer or investment adviser that has custody of or discretionary authority over funds or securities of a customer or client to obtain insurance or post a bond or other satisfactory form of security in an amount not to exceed fifty thousand dollars. The director may determine the requirements of the insurance, bond, or other satisfactory form of security. Insurance or a bond or other satisfactory form of security may not be required of a broker-dealer registered under this Act whose net capital exceeds, or of an investment adviser registered under this Act whose minimum financial requirements exceed, the amounts required by rule or order under this Act. The insurance, bond, or other satisfactory form of security must permit an action by a person to enforce any liability on the insurance, bond, or other satisfactory form of security if instituted within the time limitations in Section 509(j)(2).

(f) Requirements for custody. Subject to Section 15(h) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. Section 78o(h)) or Section 222 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80b-22), an agent may not have custody of funds or securities of a customer

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1 except under the supervision of a broker-dealer and an investment adviser representative may

2 not have custody of funds or securities of a client except under the supervision of an investment

adviser or a federal covered investment adviser. A rule adopted or order issued under this Act

may prohibit, limit, or impose conditions on a broker-dealer regarding custody of funds or

securities of a customer and on an investment adviser regarding custody of securities or funds

of a client.

- (g) Investment adviser brochure rule. With respect to an investment adviser registered or required to be registered under this Act, a rule adopted or order issued under this Act may require that information or other record be furnished or disseminated to clients or prospective clients in this state as necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors and advisory clients.
- (h) Continuing education. A rule adopted or order issued under this Act may require an individual registered under Section 402 or 404 to participate in a continuing education program approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission and administered by a self-regulatory organization or, in the absence of such a program, a rule adopted or order issued under this Act may require continuing education for an individual registered under Section 404.
- Section 28. Section 412. (a) Disciplinary conditions-applicants. If the director finds that the order is in the public interest and subsection (d) authorizes the action, an order issued under this Act may deny an application, or may condition or limit registration of an applicant to be a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, or investment adviser representative, and, if the applicant is a broker-dealer or investment adviser, of a partner, officer, director, or person having a similar status or performing similar functions, or a person directly or indirectly in control, of the broker-dealer or investment adviser.
- (b) Disciplinary conditions registrants. If the director finds that the order is in the public

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1 interest and subsection (d) authorizes the action, an order issued under this Act may revoke,

- 2 suspend, condition, or limit the registration of a registrant and, if the registrant is a broker-dealer
- 3 or investment adviser, of a partner, officer, director, or person having a similar status or
- 4 performing similar functions, or a person directly or indirectly in control, of the broker-dealer
- 5 or investment adviser. However, the director may not:
- 6 (1) Institute a revocation or suspension proceeding under this subsection based on an
- 7 order issued under a law of another state that is reported to the director or a designee
- 8 of the director more than one year after the date of the order on which it is based; or
 - (2) Under subsection (d)(5)(A) or (B), issue an order on the basis of an order issued
- under the securities act of another state unless the other order was based on conduct
- for which subsection (d) would authorize the action had the conduct occurred in this
- state.

- 13 (c) Disciplinary penalties registrants. If the director finds that the order is in the public
- interest and subsection (d)(1) through (6), (8), (9), (10), or (12) and (13) authorizes the action,
- an order under this Act may censure, impose a bar, or impose a civil penalty in an amount not
- to exceed a maximum of ten thousand dollars per violation, on a registrant, and, if the registrant
- is a broker-dealer or investment adviser, a partner, officer, director, or person having a similar
- status or performing similar functions, or a person directly or indirectly in control, of the broker-
- 19 dealer or investment adviser.
- 20 (d) Grounds for discipline. A person may be disciplined under subsections (a) through (c)
- 21 if the person:
- 22 (1) Has filed an application for registration in this state under this Act or the predecessor
- act within the previous ten years, which, as of the effective date of registration or as
- of any date after filing in the case of an order denying effectiveness, was incomplete

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1		in any material respect or contained a statement that, in light of the circumstances
2		under which it was made, was false or misleading with respect to a material fact;
3	(2)	Willfully violated or willfully failed to comply with this Act or the predecessor act
4		or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act or the predecessor act within the
5		previous ten years;
6	(3)	Has been convicted of a felony or within the previous ten years has been convicted
7		of a misdemeanor involving a security, a commodity future or option contract, or an
8		aspect of a business involving securities, commodities, investments, franchises,
9		insurance, banking, or finance;
10	(4)	Is enjoined or restrained by a court of competent jurisdiction in an action instituted
11		by the director under this Act or the predecessor act, a state, the Securities and
12		Exchange Commission, or the United States from engaging in or continuing an act,
13		practice, or course of business involving an aspect of a business involving securities,
14		commodities, investments, franchises, insurance, banking, or finance;
15	(5)	Is the subject of an order, issued after notice and opportunity for hearing by:
16		(A) The securities, depository institution, insurance, or other financial services
17		regulator of a state or by the Securities and Exchange Commission or other
18		federal agency denying, revoking, barring, or suspending registration as a
19		broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, federal covered investment adviser,
20		or investment adviser representative;
21		(B) The securities regulator of a state or the Securities and Exchange Commission
22		against a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, investment adviser
23		representative, or federal covered investment adviser;
24		(C) The Securities and Exchange Commission or a self-regulatory organization

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1		suspending or expelling the registrant from membership in the self-regulatory
2		organization;
3		(D) A court adjudicating a United States Postal Service fraud order;
4		(E) The insurance regulator of a state denying, suspending, or revoking
5		registration as an insurance agent; or
6		(F) A depository institution regulator suspending or barring the person from the
7		depository institution business;
8	(6)	Is the subject of an adjudication or determination, after notice and opportunity for
9		hearing, by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Commodity Futures
10		Trading Commission; the Federal Trade Commission; a federal depository institution
11		regulator, or a depository institution, insurance, or other financial services regulator
12		of a state that the person willfully violated the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities
13		Exchange Act of 1934, the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, the Investment
14		Company Act of 1940, or the Commodity Exchange Act, the securities or
15		commodities law of a state, or a federal or state law under which a business involving
16		investments, franchises, insurance, banking, or finance is regulated;
17	(7)	Is insolvent, either because the person's liabilities exceed the person's assets or
18		because the person cannot meet the person's obligations as they mature, but the
19		director may not enter an order against an applicant or registrant under this paragraph
20		without a finding of insolvency as to the applicant or registrant;
21	(8)	Refuses to allow or otherwise impedes the director from conducting an audit or
22		inspection under Section 411(d) or refuses access to a registrant's office to conduct
23		an audit or inspection under Section 411(d);
24	(9)	Has failed to reasonably supervise an agent, investment adviser representative, or

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1		other individual, if the agent, investment adviser representative, or other individual
2		was subject to the person's supervision and committed a violation of this Act or the
3		predecessor act or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act or the predecessor act
4		within the previous ten years;
5	(10)	Has not paid the proper filing fee within thirty days after having been notified by the
6		director of a deficiency, but the director shall vacate an order under this paragraph
7		when the deficiency is corrected;
8	(11)	After notice and opportunity for a hearing, has been found within the previous ten
9		years:
10		(A) By a court of competent jurisdiction to have willfully violated the laws of a
11		foreign jurisdiction under which the business of securities, commodities,
12		investment, franchises, insurance, banking, or finance is regulated;
13		(B) To have been the subject of an order of a securities regulator of a foreign
14		jurisdiction denying, revoking, or suspending the right to engage in the
15		business of securities as a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, investment
16		adviser representative, or similar person; or
17		(C) To have been suspended or expelled from membership by or participation in
18		a securities exchange or securities association operating under the securities
19		laws of a foreign jurisdiction;
20	(12)	Is the subject of a cease and desist order issued by the Securities and Exchange
21		Commission or issued under the securities, commodities, investment, franchise,
22		banking, finance, or insurance laws of a state;
23	(13)	Has engaged in dishonest or unethical practices in the securities, commodities,
24		investment, franchise, banking, finance, or insurance business within the previous ten

1 years; or

- of the securities business. However, in the case of an application by an agent for a broker-dealer that is a member of a self-regulatory organization or by an individual for registration as an investment adviser representative, a denial order may not be based on this paragraph if the individual has successfully completed all examinations required by subsection (e). The director may require an applicant for registration under Section 402 or 404 who has not been registered in a state within the two years preceding the filing of an application in this state to successfully complete an examination.
 - (e) Examinations. A rule adopted or order issued under this Act may require that an examination, including an examination developed or approved by an organization of securities regulators, be successfully completed by a class of individuals or all individuals. An order issued under this Act may waive, in whole or in part, an examination as to an individual and a rule adopted under this Act may waive, in whole or in part, an examination as to a class of individuals if the director determines that the examination is not necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors.
 - (f) Summary process. The director may suspend or deny an application summarily; restrict, condition, limit, or suspend a registration; or censure, bar, or impose a civil penalty on a registrant before final determination of an administrative proceeding. Upon the issuance of an order, the director shall promptly notify each person subject to the order that the order has been issued, the reasons for the action, and that within fifteen days after the receipt of a request in a record from the person the matter will be scheduled for a hearing. If a hearing is not requested and none is ordered by the director within thirty days after the date of service of the order, the

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order becomes final by operation of law. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the director, after

- notice of and opportunity for hearing to each person subject to the order, may modify or vacate
- 3 the order or extend the order until final determination.
- 4 (g) Procedural requirements. An order issued may not be issued under this section, except
- 5 under subsection (f), without:

- 6 (1) Appropriate notice to the applicant or registrant;
- 7 (2) Opportunity for hearing; and
- 8 (3) Findings of fact and conclusions of law in a record in accordance with chapter 1-26.
- 9 (h) Control person liability. A person that controls, directly or indirectly, a person not in
- 10 compliance with this section may be disciplined by order of the director under subsections (a)
- through (c) to the same extent as the noncomplying person, unless the controlling person did not
- know, and in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the existence of conduct
- that is a ground for discipline under this section.
- 14 (i) Limit on investigation or proceeding. The director may not institute a proceeding under
- subsection(a), (b), or (c) based solely on material facts actually known by the director unless an
- investigation or the proceeding is instituted within one year after the director actually acquires
- 17 knowledge of the material facts.
- Section 29. Section 501. It is unlawful for a person, in connection with the offer, sale, or
- 19 purchase of a security, directly or indirectly:
- 20 (1) To employ a device, scheme, or artifice to defraud;
- 21 (2) To make an untrue statement of a material fact or to omit to state a material fact
- 22 necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under
- which they were made, not misleading; or
- 24 (3) To engage in an act, practice, or course of business that operates or would operate as

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- 1 a fraud or deceit upon another person.
- 2 Section 30. Section 502. (a) Fraud in providing investment advice. It is unlawful for a person
- 3 that advises others for compensation, either directly or indirectly or through publications or
- 4 writings, as to the value of securities or the advisability of investing in, purchasing, or selling
- 5 securities or that, for compensation and as part of a regular business, issues or promulgates
- 6 analyses or reports relating to securities:
- 7 (1) To employ a device, scheme, or artifice to defraud another person; or
- 8 (2) To engage in an act, practice, or course of business that operates or would operate as
- 9 a fraud or deceit upon another person.
- 10 (b) Rules defining fraud. A rule adopted under this Act may define an act, practice, or course
- 11 of business of an investment adviser or an investment adviser representative, other than a
- supervised person of a federal covered investment adviser, as fraudulent, deceptive, or
- manipulative, and prescribe means reasonably designed to prevent investment advisers and
- 14 investment adviser representatives, other than supervised persons of a federal covered
- 15 investment adviser, from engaging in acts, practices, and courses of business defined as
- 16 fraudulent, deceptive, or manipulative.
- 17 (c) Rules specifying contents of advisory contract. A rule adopted under this Act may
- specify the contents of an investment advisory contract entered into, extended, or renewed by
- 19 an investment adviser.
- Section 31. Section 503. (a) Civil. In a civil action or administrative proceeding under this
- 21 Act, a person claiming an exemption, exception, preemption, or exclusion has the burden to
- 22 prove the applicability of the claim.
- 23 (b) Criminal. In a criminal proceeding under this Act, a person claiming an exemption,
- exception, preemption, or exclusion has the burden of going forward with evidence of the claim.

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1 Section 32. Section 504. (a) Filing requirement. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 (b), a rule adopted or order issued under this Act may require the filing of a prospectus, 3 pamphlet, circular, form letter, advertisement, sales literature, or other advertising record 4 relating to a security or investment advice, addressed or intended for distribution to prospective 5 investors, including clients or prospective clients of a person registered or required to be 6 registered as an investment adviser under this Act. 7 (b) Excluded communications. This section does not apply to sales and advertising literature 8 specified in subsection (a) which relates to a federal covered security, a federal covered 9 investment adviser, or a security or transaction exempted by Section 201, 202, or 203 except as 10 required pursuant to Section 201(7). 11 Section 33. Section 505. It is unlawful for a person to make or cause to be made, in a record 12 that is used in an action or proceeding or filed under this Act, a statement that, at the time and 13 in the light of the circumstances under which it is made, is false or misleading in a material 14 respect, or, in connection with the statement, to omit to state a material fact necessary to make 15 the statement made, in the light of the circumstances under which it was made, not false or 16 misleading. 17 Section 34. Section 506. The filing of an application for registration, a registration 18 statement, a notice filing under this Act, the registration of a person, the notice filing by a 19 person, or the registration of a security under this Act does not constitute a finding by the 20 director that a record filed under this Act is true, complete, and not misleading. The filing or 21 registration or the availability of an exemption, exception, preemption, or exclusion for a 22 security or a transaction does not mean that the director has passed upon the merits or 23 qualifications of, or recommended or given approval to, a person, security, or transaction. It is 24 unlawful to make, or cause to be made, to a purchaser, customer, client, or prospective customer - 65 - SB 38

or client a representation inconsistent with this section.

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Section 35. Section 507. A broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, federal covered investment adviser, or investment adviser representative is not liable to another broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, federal covered investment adviser, or investment adviser representative for defamation relating to a statement that is contained in a record required by the director, or designee of the director, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or a selfregulatory organization, unless the person knew, or should have known at the time that the statement was made, that it was false in a material respect or the person acted in reckless disregard of the statement's truth or falsity. Section 36. Section 508. (a) Criminal penalties. It is a class four felony for any person that willfully violates this Act, or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act, except Section 504 or the notice filing requirements of Section 302 or 405, or that willfully violates Section 505 knowing the statement made to be false or misleading in a material respect, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars per violation. An individual convicted of violating a rule or order under this Act may be fined, but may not be imprisoned, if the individual did not have knowledge of the rule or order. A subsequent violation is a Class 3 felony. (b) Criminal reference not required. The Attorney General or the proper prosecuting attorney with or without a reference from the director, may institute criminal proceedings under this Act. (c) No limitation on other criminal enforcement. This Act does not limit the power of this state to punish a person for conduct that constitutes a crime under other laws of this state. Section 37. Section 509. (a) Securities Litigation Uniform Standards Act. Enforcement of civil liability under this section is subject to the Securities Litigation Uniform Standards Act of - 66 - SB 38

(b) Liability of seller to purchaser. A person is liable to the purchaser if the person sells a security in violation of Section 301 or, by means of an untrue statement of a material fact or an omission to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statement made, in light of the circumstances under which it is made, not misleading, the purchaser not knowing the untruth or omission and the seller not sustaining the burden of proof that the seller did not know and, in the exercise of reasonable care, could not have known of the untruth or omission. An action under this subsection is governed by the following:

- (1) The purchaser may maintain an action to recover the consideration paid for the security, less the amount of any income received on the security, and interest at Category D, § 54-3-16 from the date of the purchase, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees determined by the court, upon the tender of the security, or for actual damages as provided in paragraph (3).
- (2) The tender referred to in paragraph (1) may be made any time before entry of judgment. Tender requires only notice in a record of ownership of the security and willingness to exchange the security for the amount specified. A purchaser that no longer owns the security may recover actual damages as provided in paragraph (3).
- (3) Actual damages in an action arising under this subsection are the amount that would be recoverable upon a tender less the value of the security when the purchaser disposed of it, and interest at Category D § 54-3-16 from the date of the purchase, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees determined by the court.
- (c) Liability of purchaser to seller. A person is liable to the seller if the person buys a security by means of an untrue statement of a material fact or omission to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statement made, in light of the circumstances under which it is made, not misleading, the seller not knowing of the untruth or omission, and the purchaser not

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sustaining the burden of proof that the purchaser did not know, and in the exercise of reasonable

- care, could not have known of the untruth or omission. An action under this subsection is
- 3 governed by the following:

- (1) The seller may maintain an action to recover the security, and any income received on the security, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees determined by the court, upon the tender of the purchase price, or for actual damages as provided in paragraph (3).
 - (2) The tender referred to in paragraph (1) may be made any time before entry of judgment. Tender requires only notice in a record of the present ability to pay the amount tendered and willingness to take delivery of the security for the amount specified. If the purchaser no longer owns the security, the seller may recover actual damages as provided in paragraph (3).
 - (3) Actual damages in an action arising under this subsection are the difference between the price at which the security was sold and the value the security would have had at the time of the sale in the absence of the purchaser's conduct causing liability, and interest at Category D § 54-3-16 from the date of the sale of the security, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees determined by the court.
 - (d) Liability of unregistered broker-dealer and agent. A person acting as a broker-dealer or agent that sells or buys a security in violation of Section 401(a), 402(a), or 506 is liable to the customer. The customer, if a purchaser, may maintain an action for recovery of actual damages as specified in subsections (b)(1) through (3), or, if a seller, for a remedy as specified in subsections (c)(1) through (3).
- (e) Liability of unregistered investment adviser and investment adviser representative. A person acting as an investment adviser or investment adviser representative that provides investment advice for compensation in violation of Section 403(a), 404(a), or 506 is liable to

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1 the client. The client may maintain an action to recover the consideration paid for the advice,

- 2 interest at Category D § 54-3-16 from the date of payment, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees
- 3 determined by the court.
- 4 (f) Liability for investment advice. A person that receives directly or indirectly any
- 5 consideration for providing investment advice to another person and that employs a device,
- 6 scheme, or artifice to defraud the other person or engages in an act, practice, or course of
- business that operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit on the other person, is liable to the
- 8 other person. An action under this subsection is governed by the following:
- 9 (1) The person defrauded may maintain an action to recover the consideration paid for
- the advice and the amount of any actual damages caused by the fraudulent conduct,
- interest at Category D § 54-3-16 from the date of the fraudulent conduct, costs, and
- reasonable attorneys' fees determined by the court, less the amount of any income
- received as a result of the fraudulent conduct.
- 14 (2) This subsection does not apply to a broker-dealer or its agents if the investment
- advice provided is solely incidental to transacting business as a broker-dealer and no
- special compensation is received for the investment advice.
- 17 (g) Joint and several liability. The following persons are liable jointly and severally with and
- to the same extent as persons liable under subsections (b) through (f):
- 19 (1) A person that directly or indirectly controls a person liable under subsections (b)
- 20 through (f), unless the controlling person sustains the burden of proof that the person
- did not know, and in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the
- 22 existence of conduct by reason of which the liability is alleged to exist;
- 23 (2) An individual who is a managing partner, executive officer, or director of a person
- liable under subsections (b) through (f), including an individual having a similar

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1		status or performing similar functions, unless the individual sustains the burden of
2		proof that the individual did not know and, in the exercise of reasonable care could
3		not have known, of the existence of conduct by reason of which the liability is
4		alleged to exist;
5	(3)	An individual who is an employee of or associated with a person liable under
6		subsections (b) through (f) and who materially aids the conduct giving rise to the
7		liability, unless the individual sustains the burden of proof that the individual did not
8		know and, in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the existence
9		of conduct by reason of which the liability is alleged to exist; and
10	(4)	A person that is a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, or investment adviser
11		representative that materially aids the conduct giving rise to the liability under
12		subsections (b) through (f), unless the person sustains the burden of proof that the
13		person did not know and, in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known,
14		of the existence of conduct by reason of which liability is alleged to exist.
15	(h) Ri	ght of contribution. A person liable under this section has a right of contribution as in
16	cases of c	contract against any other person liable under this section for the same conduct.
17	(i) Su	rvival of cause of action. A cause of action under this section survives the death of an
18	individua	l who might have been a plaintiff or defendant.
19	(j) Sta	atute of limitations. A person may not obtain relief:
20	(1)	Under subsection (b) for violation of Section 301, or under subsection (d) or (e),
21		unless the action is instituted within one year after the violation occurred; or
22	(2)	Under subsection (b), other than for violation of Section 301, or under subsection (c)
23		or (f), unless the action is instituted within the earlier of two years after discovery of

the facts constituting the violation or five years after the violation.

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1	(k) No enfo	orcement of violative contract. A person that has made, or has engaged in the
2	performance of	f, a contract in violation of this Act or a rule adopted or order issued under this
3	Act, or that has	s acquired a purported right under the contract with knowledge of conduct by
4	reason of which	n its making or performance was in violation of this Act, may not base an action
5	on the contract	
6	(l) No contr	actual waiver. A condition, stipulation, or provision binding a person purchasing
7	or selling a secu	urity or receiving investment advice to waive compliance with this Act or a rule
8	adopted or orde	er issued under this Act is void.
9	(m) Surviva	al of other rights or remedies. The rights and remedies provided by this Act are
10	in addition to a	ny other rights or remedies that may exist, but this Act does not create a cause
11	of action not sp	pecified in this section or Section 411(e).
12	Section 38.	Section 510. A purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice may not
13	maintain an act	tion under Section 509 if:
14	(1) The	purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice receives in a record, before
15	the a	action is instituted:
16	(A)	An offer stating the respect in which liability under Section 509 may have
17		arisen and fairly advising the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment
18		advice of that person's rights in connection with the offer, and any financial or
19		other information necessary to correct all material misrepresentations or
20		omissions in the information that was required by this Act to be furnished to
21		that person at the time of the purchase, sale, or investment advice;
22	(B)	If the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation of Section
23		509(b), an offer to repurchase the security for cash, payable on delivery of the
24		security, equal to the consideration paid, and interest at Category D § 54-3-16

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from the date of the purchase, less the amount of any income received on the security, or, if the purchaser no longer owns the security, an offer to pay the purchaser upon acceptance of the offer damages in an amount that would be recoverable upon a tender, less the value of the security when the purchaser disposed of it, and interest at Category D § 54-3-16 from the date of the purchase in cash equal to the damages computed in the manner provided in this subsection;

- (C) If the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation of Section 509(c), an offer to tender the security, on payment by the seller of an amount equal to the purchase price paid, less income received on the security by the purchaser and interest at Category D § 54-3-16 from the date of the sale; or if the purchaser no longer owns the security, an offer to pay the seller upon acceptance of the offer, in cash, damages in the amount of the difference between the price at which the security was purchased and the value the security would have had at the time of the purchase in the absence of the purchaser's conduct that may have caused liability and interest at Category D § 54-3-16 from the date of the sale;
- (D) If the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation of Section 509(d); and if the customer is a purchaser, an offer to pay as specified in subparagraph (B); or, if the customer is a seller, an offer to tender or to pay as specified in subparagraph (C);
- (E) If the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation of Section 509(e), an offer to reimburse in cash the consideration paid for the advice and interest at Category D § 54-3-16 from the date of payment; or

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1		(F) If the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation of Section
2		509(f), an offer to reimburse in cash the consideration paid for the advice, the
3		amount of any actual damages that may have been caused by the conduct, and
4		interest at Category D § 54-3-16 from the date of the violation causing the
5		loss;
6	(2)	The offer under paragraph (1) states that it must be accepted by the purchaser, seller,
7		or recipient of investment advice within thirty days after the date of its receipt by the
8		purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice or any shorter period, of not less
9		than three days, that the director, by order, specifies;
10	(3)	The offeror has the present ability to pay the amount offered or to tender the security
11		under paragraph (1);
12	(4)	The offer under paragraph (1) is delivered to the purchaser, seller, or recipient of
13		investment advice, or sent in a manner that ensures receipt by the purchaser, seller,
14		or recipient of investment advice; and
15	(5)	The purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice that accepts the offer under
16		paragraph (1) in a record within the period specified under paragraph (2) is paid in
17		accordance with the terms of the offer.
18	Section	on 39. Section 601. (a) Administration. This Act shall be administered by the director.
19	(b) Th	ne director shall designate one of his employees to administer the provisions of this Act
20	in the eve	ent of his absence or disability.
21	(c) Th	nis Act shall be administered under the direction and supervision of the Department of
22	Revenue	and Regulation and the secretary thereof, but shall retain the quasi-judicial, quasi-
23	legislativ	e, advisory, and other nonadministrative functions, as defined in § 1-32-1, otherwise
24	vested in	it and shall exercise those functions independently of the secretary of the Department

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- 1 of Revenue and Regulation.
- 2 (d) The director shall be appointed by the secretary of the Department of Revenue and
- 3 Regulation and may be removed at the pleasure of the secretary. The appointment and removal
- 4 of the director shall be subject to approval by the Governor.
- 5 (e) The director shall receive travel expenses, in accordance with the rules of the Board of
- 6 Finance, incurred in the discharge of official duties.
- 7 (f) The director shall employ, from time to time, such clerks and employees as are necessary
- 8 for the administration of this chapter, and they shall perform such duties as the director shall
- 9 assign.
- 10 (g) The director may be included in the state's employees' blanket bond pursuant to § 3-5-
- 11 5.1.
- 12 (h) The director shall use the seal with the words, Director of Securities, South Dakota, and
- such designs as the director shall prescribe engraved thereon by which seal the director shall
- authenticate his signature and proceedings.
- 15 (i) Unlawful use of records or information. It is unlawful for the director or an officer,
- employee, or designee of the director to use for personal benefit or the benefit of others records
- or other information obtained by or filed with the director that are not public under Section
- 18 607(b). This Act does not authorize the director or an officer, employee, or designee of the
- director to disclose the record or information, except in accordance with Section 602, 607(c),
- 20 or 608.
- 21 (j) No privilege or exemption created or diminished. This Act does not create or diminish
- a privilege or exemption that exists at common law, by statute or rule, or otherwise.
- 23 (k) Investor education. The director may develop and implement investor education
- 24 initiatives to inform the public about investing in securities, with particular emphasis on the

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1 prevention and detection of securities fraud. In developing and implementing these initiatives,

- 2 the director may collaborate with public and nonprofit organizations with an interest in investor
- 3 education. The director may accept a grant or donation from a person that is not affiliated with
- 4 the securities industry or from a nonprofit organization, regardless of whether the organization
- 5 is affiliated with the securities industry, to develop and implement investor education initiatives.
- 6 This subsection does not authorize the director to require participation or monetary contributions
- 7 of a registrant in an investor education program.

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- 8 Section 40. Section 602. (a) Authority to investigate. The director may:
- 9 (1) Conduct public or private investigations within or outside of this state which the
 10 director considers necessary or appropriate to determine whether a person has
 11 violated, is violating, or is about to violate this Act or a rule adopted or order issued
 12 under this Act, or to aid in the enforcement of this Act or in the adoption of rules and
 13 forms under this Act;
 - (2) Require or permit a person to testify, file a statement, or produce a record, under oath or otherwise as the director determines, as to all the facts and circumstances concerning a matter to be investigated or about which an action or proceeding is to be instituted; and
 - (3) Publish a record concerning an action, proceeding, or an investigation under, or a violation of, this Act or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act if the director determines it is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors.
 - (b) Director powers to investigate. For the purpose of an investigation under this Act, the director or its designated officer may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, seek compulsion of attendance, take evidence, require the filing of statements, and require the

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1 production of any records that the director considers relevant or material to the investigation.

- 2 (c) Procedure and remedies for noncompliance. If a person does not appear or refuses to
- 3 testify, file a statement, produce records, or otherwise does not obey a subpoena as required by
- 4 the director under this Act, the director, or any officer designated by him, may apply to the
- 5 circuit court to enforce compliance, or may refer the matter to the Attorney General or the
- 6 proper attorney, who may apply to the circuit court or a court of another state to enforce
- 7 compliance. The court may:
- 8 (1) Hold the person in contempt;
- 9 (2) Order the person to appear before the director;
- 10 (3) Order the person to testify about the matter under investigation or in question;
- 11 (4) Order the production of records;
- 12 (5) Grant injunctive relief, including restricting or prohibiting the offer or sale of
- securities or the providing of investment advice;
- 14 (6) Impose a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars per violation; and
- 15 (7) Grant any other necessary or appropriate relief.
- 16 (d) Application for relief. This section does not preclude a person from applying to the
- 17 circuit court or a court of another state for relief from a request to appear, testify, file a
- statement, produce records, or obey a subpoena.
- 19 (e) Use immunity procedure. An individual is not excused from attending, testifying, filing
- a statement, producing a record or other evidence, or obeying a subpoena of the director under
- 21 this Act or in an action or proceeding instituted by the director under this Act on the ground that
- 22 the required testimony, statement, record, or other evidence, directly or indirectly, may tend to
- 23 incriminate the individual or subject the individual to a criminal fine, penalty, or forfeiture. If
- 24 the individual refuses to testify, file a statement, or produce a record or other evidence on the

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1 basis of the individual's privilege against self-incrimination, the director may apply to the circuit

2 court to compel the testimony, the filing of the statement, the production of the record, or the

giving of other evidence. The testimony, record, or other evidence compelled under such an

order may not be used, directly or indirectly, against the individual in a criminal case, except

in a prosecution for perjury or contempt or otherwise failing to comply with the order.

(f) Assistance to securities regulator of another jurisdiction. At the request of the securities regulator of another state or a foreign jurisdiction, the director may provide assistance if the requesting regulator states that it is conducting an investigation to determine whether a person has violated, is violating, or is about to violate a law or rule of the other state or foreign jurisdiction relating to securities matters that the requesting regulator administers or enforces. The director may provide the assistance by using the authority to investigate and the powers conferred by this section as the director determines is necessary or appropriate. The assistance may be provided without regard to whether the conduct described in the request would also constitute a violation of this Act or other law of this state if occurring in this state. In deciding whether to provide the assistance, the director may consider whether the requesting regulator is permitted and has agreed to provide assistance reciprocally within its state or foreign jurisdiction to the director on securities matters when requested; whether compliance with the request would violate or prejudice the public policy of this state; and the availability of resources and employees of the director to carry out the request for assistance.

Section 41. Section 603. (a) Civil action instituted by director. If the director believes that a person has engaged, is engaging, or is about to engage in an act, practice, or course of business constituting a violation of this Act or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act or that a person has, is, or is about to engage in an act, practice, or course of business that materially aids a violation of this Act or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act, the director may maintain

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1 an action in the circuit court to enjoin the act, practice, or course of business and to enforce 2 compliance with this Act or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act. 3 (b) Relief available. In an action under this section and on a proper showing, the court may: 4 (1) Issue a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or declaratory 5 judgment; Order other appropriate or ancillary relief, which may include: (2) 6 7 (A) An asset freeze, accounting, writ of attachment, writ of general or specific 8 execution, and appointment of a receiver or conservator, that may be the 9 director for the defendant or the defendant's assets; 10 (B) Ordering the director to take charge and control of a defendant's property, 11 including investment accounts and accounts in a depository institution, rents, 12 and profits; to collect debts; and to acquire and dispose of property; 13 (C) Imposing a civil penalty up to ten thousand dollars for each violation; an order 14 of rescission, restitution, or disgorgement directed to a person that has engaged 15 in an act, practice, or course of business constituting a violation of this Act or 16 the predecessor act or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act or the 17 predecessor act; and 18 (D) Ordering the payment of prejudgment and postjudgment interest; or 19 (3) Order such other relief as the court considers appropriate. 20 (c) No bond required. The director may not be required to post a bond in an action or 21 proceeding under this Act. 22 Section 42. Section 604. (a) Issuance of an order or notice. If the director determines that 23 a person has engaged, is engaging, or is about to engage in an act, practice, or course of business 24 constituting a violation of this Act or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act or that a - 78 - SB 38

1 person has materially aided, is materially aiding, or is about to materially aid an act, practice,

- 2 or course of business constituting a violation of this Act or a rule adopted or order issued under
- 3 this Act, the director may:
- 4 (1) Issue an order directing the person to cease and desist from engaging in the act, 5 practice, or course of business or to take other action necessary or appropriate to
- 6 comply with this Act;
- 7 (2) Issue an order denying, suspending, revoking, or conditioning the exemptions for a
- 8 broker-dealer under Section 401(b)(1)(D) or (F) or an investment adviser under
- 9 Section 403(b)(1)(C); or
- 10 (3) Issue an order under Section 204.
- 11 (b) Summary process. An order under subsection (a) is effective on the date of issuance.
- 12 Upon issuance of the order, the director shall promptly serve each person subject to the order
- with a copy of the order and a notice that the order has been entered. The order must include a
- statement whether the director will seek a civil penalty or costs of the investigation, a statement
- of the reasons for the order, and notice that, within fifteen days after receipt of a request in a
- record from the person, the matter will be scheduled for a hearing. If a person subject to the
- order does not request a hearing and none is ordered by the director within thirty days after the
- date of service of the order, the order, which may include a civil penalty or costs of the
- investigation if a civil penalty or costs were sought in the statement accompanying the order,
- 20 becomes final as to that person by operation of law. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the
- 21 director, after notice of and opportunity for hearing to each person subject to the order, may
- 22 modify or vacate the order or extend it until final determination.
- (c) Procedure for final order. If a hearing is requested or ordered pursuant to subsection (b),
- a hearing must be held pursuant to chapter 1-26. A final order may not be issued unless the

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director makes findings of fact and conclusions of law in a record pursuant to chapter 1-26. The

- 2 final order may make final, vacate, or modify the order issued under subsection (a).
- 3 (d) Civil penalty. In a final order under subsection (c), the director may impose a civil
- 4 penalty up to ten thousand dollars for each violation.
- 5 (e) Costs. In a final order, the director may charge the actual cost of an investigation or
- 6 proceeding for a violation of this Act or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act.
- 7 (f) Filing of certified final order with court; effect of filing. If a petition for judicial review
- 8 of a final order is not filed in accordance with Section 609, the director may file a certified copy
- 9 of the final order with the clerk of a court of competent jurisdiction. The order so filed has the
- same effect as a judgment of the court and may be recorded, enforced, or satisfied in the same
- 11 manner as a judgment of the court.
- 12 (g) Enforcement by court; further civil penalty. If a person does not comply with an order
- under this section, the director may petition a court of competent jurisdiction to enforce the
- order. The court may not require the director to post a bond in an action or proceeding under this
- section. If the court finds, after service and opportunity for hearing, that the person was not in
- 16 compliance with the order, the court may adjudge the person in civil contempt of the order. The
- 17 court may impose a further civil penalty against the person for contempt in an amount not more
- than ten thousand dollars, for each violation and may grant any other relief the court determines
- is just and proper in the circumstances.
- Section 43. Section 605. (a) Issuance and adoption of forms, orders, and rules. The director
- 21 may:
- 22 (1) Issue forms and orders and, after notice and comment, may adopt and amend rules
- 23 necessary or appropriate to carry out this Act and may repeal rules, including rules
- and forms governing registration statements, applications, notice filings, reports, and

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1 other records;

- 2 (2) By rule, define terms, whether or not used in this Act, but those definitions may not be inconsistent with this Act; and
 - (3) By rule, classify securities, persons, and transactions and adopt different requirements for different classes.
 - (b) Findings and cooperation. Under this Act, a rule or form may not be adopted or amended, or an order issued or amended, unless the director finds that the rule, form, order, or amendment is necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors and is consistent with the purposes intended by this Act. In adopting, amending, and repealing rules and forms, Section 608 applies in order to achieve uniformity among the states and coordination with federal laws in the form and content of registration statements, applications, reports, and other records, including the adoption of uniform rules, forms, and procedures.
 - (c) Financial statements. Subject to Section 15(h) of the Securities Exchange Act and Section 222 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, the director may require that a financial statement filed under this Act be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States and comply with other requirements specified by rule adopted or order issued under this Act. A rule adopted or order issued under this Act may establish:
 - (1) Subject to Section 15(h) of the Securities Exchange Act and Section 222 of the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, the form and content of financial statements required under this Act;
 - (2) Whether unconsolidated financial statements must be filed; and
- Whether required financial statements must be audited by an independent certified public accountant.
- 24 (d) Interpretative opinions. The director may provide interpretative opinions or issue

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determinations that the director will not institute a proceeding or an action under this Act against

- 2 a specified person for engaging in a specified act, practice, or course of business if the
- 3 determination is consistent with this Act. A fifty dollar fee is required for interpretative opinions
- 4 and no action letters.
- 5 (e) Effect of compliance. A penalty under this Act may not be imposed for, and liability does
- 6 not arise from conduct that is engaged in or omitted in good faith believing it conforms to a rule,
- 7 form, or order of the director under this Act.
- 8 (f) Presumption for public hearings. A hearing in an administrative proceeding under this Act
- 9 must be conducted in public unless the director for good cause consistent with this Act
- determines that the hearing will not be so conducted.
- Section 44. Section 606. (a) Public register of filings. The director shall maintain, or
- designate a person to maintain, a register of applications for registration of securities;
- registration statements; notice filings; applications for registration of broker-dealers, agents,
- investment advisers, and investment adviser representatives; notice filings by federal covered
- investment advisers that are or have been effective under this Act or the predecessor act; notices
- of claims of exemption from registration or notice filing requirements contained in a record;
- orders issued under this Act or the predecessor act; and interpretative opinions or no action
- determinations issued under this Act.
- 19 (b) Public availability. The director shall make all rules, forms, interpretative opinions, and
- 20 orders available to the public.
- 21 (c) Copies of public records. The director shall furnish a copy of a record that is a public
- record or a certification that the public record does not exist to a person that so requests. A rule
- 23 adopted under this Act may establish a reasonable charge for furnishing the record or
- 24 certification. A copy of the record certified or a certificate by the director of a record's

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- 1 nonexistence is prima facie evidence of a record or its nonexistence.
- 2 Section 45. Section 607. (a) Presumption of public records. Except as otherwise provided
- 3 in subsection (b), records obtained by the director or filed under this Act, including a record
- 4 contained in or filed with a registration statement, application, notice filing, or report, are public
- 5 records and are available for public examination.
- 6 (b) Nonpublic records. The following records are not public records and are not available
- 7 for public examination under subsection (a):
- 8 (1) A record obtained by the director in connection with an audit or inspection under
- 9 Section 411(d) or an investigation under Section 602;
- 10 (2) A part of a record filed in connection with a registration statement under Sections
- 301 and 303 through 305 or a record under Section 411(d) that contains trade secrets
- or confidential information if the person filing the registration statement or report has
- asserted a claim of confidentiality or privilege that is authorized by law;
- 14 (3) A record that is not required to be provided to the director or filed under this Act and
- is provided to the director only on the condition that the record will not be subject to
- public examination or disclosure;
- 17 (4) A nonpublic record received from a person specified in Section 608(a); and
- 18 (5) Any social security number, residential address unless used as a business address, and
- residential telephone number unless used as a business telephone number, contained
- in a record that is filed; and
- 21 (6) A record obtained by the director through a designee of the director or that a rule or
- order under this Act determines has been:
- 23 (A) Expunged from the director's records by the designee; or
- 24 (B) Determined to be nonpublic or nondisclosable by that designee if the director

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1 finds the determination to be in the public interest and for the protection of 2 investors. 3 (c) Director discretion to disclose. If disclosure is for the purpose of a civil, administrative, 4 or criminal investigation, action, or proceeding or to a person specified in Section 608(a), the 5 director may disclose a record obtained in connection with an audit or inspection under Section 6 411(d) or a record obtained in connection with an investigation under Section 602. 7 Section 46. Section 608. (a) Objective of uniformity. The director shall, in its discretion, 8 cooperate, coordinate, consult, and, subject to Section 607, share records and information with 9 the securities regulator of another state, Canada, a Canadian province or territory, a foreign 10 jurisdiction, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the United States Department of Justice, 11 the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, the Federal Trade Commission, the Securities 12 Investor Protection Corporation, a self-regulatory organization, a national or international 13 organization of securities regulators, a federal or state banking and insurance regulator, and a 14 governmental law enforcement agency to effectuate greater uniformity in securities matters 15 among the federal government, self-regulatory organizations, states, and foreign governments. 16 (b) Policies to consider. In cooperating, coordinating, consulting, and sharing records and 17 information under this section and in acting by rule, order, or waiver under this Act, the director 18 shall, in its discretion, take into consideration in carrying out the public interest the following 19 general policies: 20 (1) Maximizing effectiveness of regulation for the protection of investors; 21 (2) Maximizing uniformity in federal and state regulatory standards; and 22 (3) Minimizing burdens on the business of capital formation, without adversely affecting 23 essentials of investor protection.

(c) Subjects for cooperation. The cooperation, coordination, consultation, and sharing of

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1	records and information authorized by this section includes:	
2	(1)	Establishing or employing one or more designees as a central depository for
3		registration and notice filings under this Act and for records required or allowed to
4		be maintained under this Act;
5	(2)	Developing and maintaining uniform forms;
6	(3)	Conducting a joint examination or investigation;
7	(4)	Holding a joint administrative hearing;
8	(5)	Instituting and prosecuting a joint civil or administrative proceeding;
9	(6)	Sharing and exchanging personnel;
10	(7)	Coordinating registrations under Sections 301 and 401 through 404 and exemptions
11		under Section 203;
12	(8)	Sharing and exchanging records, subject to Section 607;
13	(9)	Formulating rules, statements of policy, guidelines, forms, and interpretative opinions
14		and releases;
15	(10)	Formulating common systems and procedures;
16	(11)	Notifying the public of proposed rules, forms, statements of policy, and guidelines;
17	(12)	Attending conferences and other meetings among securities regulators, which may
18		include representatives of governmental and private sector organizations involved in
19		capital formation, deemed necessary or appropriate to promote or achieve uniformity;
20		and
21	(13)	Developing and maintaining a uniform exemption from registration for small issuers,
22		and taking other steps to reduce the burden of raising investment capital by small
23		businesses.
24	Section 47. Section 609. (a) Judicial review of orders. A final order issued by the director	

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- 1 under this Act is subject to judicial review in accordance with chapter 1-26.
- 2 (b) Judicial review of rules. A rule adopted under this Act is subject to judicial review in
- 3 accordance with chapter 1-26.
- 4 Section 48. Section 610. (a) Sales and offers to sell. Sections 301, 302, 401(a), 402(a),
- 5 403(a), 404(a), 501, 506, 509, and 510 do not apply to a person that sells or offers to sell a
- 6 security unless the offer to sell or the sale is made in this state or the offer to purchase or the
- 7 purchase is made and accepted in this state.
- 8 (b) Purchases and offers to purchase. Sections 401(a), 402(a), 403(a), 404(a), 501, 506, 509,
- 9 and 510 do not apply to a person that purchases or offers to purchase a security unless the offer
- 10 to purchase or the purchase is made in this state or the offer to sell or the sale is made and
- 11 accepted in this state.
- 12 (c) Offers in this state. For the purpose of this section, an offer to sell or to purchase a
- 13 security is made in this State, whether or not either party is then present in this state, if the offer:
- 14 (1) Originates from within this state; or
- 15 (2) Is directed by the offeror to a place in this state and received at the place to which it
- is directed.
- 17 (d) Acceptances in this state. For the purpose of this section, an offer to purchase or to sell
- is accepted in this state, whether or not either party is then present in this state, if the acceptance:
- 19 (1) Is communicated to the offeror in this state and the offeree reasonably believes the
- offeror to be present in this state and the acceptance is received at the place in this
- state to which it is directed; and
- 22 (2) Has not previously been communicated to the offeror, orally or in a record, outside
- this state.
- 24 (e) Publications, radio, television, or electronic communications. An offer to sell or to

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purchase is not made in this state when a publisher circulates or there is circulated on the publisher's behalf in this state a bona fide newspaper or other publication of general, regular, and paid circulation that is not published in this state, or that is published in this state but has had more than two thirds of its circulation outside this state during the previous twelve months or when a radio or television program or other electronic communication originating outside this state is received in this state. A radio or television program, or other electronic communication is considered as having originated in this state if either the broadcast studio or the originating source of transmission is located in this state, unless:

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- (1) The program or communication is syndicated and distributed from outside this state 10 for redistribution to the general public in this state;
 - (2) The program or communication is supplied by a radio, television, or other electronic network with the electronic signal originating from outside this state for redistribution to the general public in this state;
 - (3) The program or communication is an electronic communication that originates outside this state and is captured for redistribution to the general public in this state by a community antenna or cable, radio, cable television, or other electronic system; or
- 18 (4) The program or communication consists of an electronic communication that 19 originates in this state, but which is not intended for distribution to the general public 20 in this state.
 - (f) Investment advice and misrepresentations. Sections 403(a), 404(a), 405(a), 502, 505, and 506 apply to a person if the person engages in an act, practice, or course of business instrumental in effecting prohibited or actionable conduct in this state, whether or not either party is then present in this state.

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Section 49. Section 611. (a) Signed consent to service of process. A consent to service of process complying with Section 611 required by this Act must be signed and filed in the form required by a rule or order under this Act. A consent appointing the director the person's agent for service of process in a noncriminal action or proceeding against the person, or the person's successor or personal representative under this Act or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act after the consent is filed, has the same force and validity as if the service were made personally on the person filing the consent. A person that has filed a consent complying with this subsection in connection with a previous application for registration or notice filing need not file an additional consent.

- (b) Conduct constituting appointment of agent for service. If a person, including a nonresident of this state, engages in an act, practice, or course of business prohibited or made actionable by this Act or a rule adopted or order issued under this Act and the person has not filed a consent to service of process under subsection (a), the act, practice, or course of business constitutes the appointment of the director as the person's agent for service of process in a noncriminal action or proceeding against the person or the person's successor or personal representative.
- (c) Procedure for service of process. Service under subsection (a) or (b) may be made by providing a copy of the process to the office of the director, but it is not effective unless:
- (1) The plaintiff, which may be the director, promptly sends notice of the service and a copy of the process, return receipt requested, to the defendant or respondent at the address set forth in the consent to service of process or, if a consent to service of process has not been filed, at the last known address, or takes other reasonable steps to give notice; and
 - (2) The plaintiff files an affidavit of compliance with this subsection in the action or

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proceeding on or before the return day of the process, if any, or within the time that the court, or the director in a proceeding before the director, allows.

- (d) Service in administrative proceedings or civil actions by director. Service pursuant to
 subsection (c) may be used in a proceeding before the director or by the director in a civil action
 in which the director is the moving party.
- 6 (e) Opportunity to defend. If process is served under subsection (c), the court, or the director
 7 in a proceeding before the director, shall order continuances as are necessary or appropriate to
 8 afford the defendant or respondent reasonable opportunity to defend.
 - Section 50. Section 612. If any provision of this Act or its application to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.
- Section 51. Section 701. This Act, takes effect on July 1, 2004.

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- 14 Section 52. Section 702. That §§ 47-31A-101 to 47-31A-420, inclusive, be repealed.
 - Section 53. Section 703. (a) Applicability of predecessor act to pending proceedings and existing rights. The predecessor act exclusively governs all actions or proceedings that are pending on the effective date of this Act or may be instituted on the basis of conduct occurring before the effective date of this Act, but a civil action may not be maintained to enforce any liability under the predecessor act unless instituted within any period of limitation that applied when the cause of action accrued or within five years after the effective date of this Act, whichever is earlier.
 - (b) Continued effectiveness under predecessor act. All effective registrations under the predecessor act, all administrative orders relating to the registrations, rules, statements of policy, interpretative opinions, declaratory rulings, no action determinations, and conditions imposed

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- on the registrations under the predecessor act remain in effect while they would have remained
- 2 in effect if this Act had not been enacted. They are considered to have been filed, issued, or
- 3 imposed under this Act, but are exclusively governed by the predecessor act.
- 4 (c) Applicability of predecessor act to offers or sales. The predecessor act exclusively
- 5 applies to an offer or sale made within one year after the effective date of this Act pursuant to
- an offering made in good faith before the effective date of this Act on the basis of an exemption
- 7 available under the predecessor act.
- 8 Section 54. That § 1-16A-59 be amended to read as follows:
- 9 1-16A-59. For purposes of chapter 47-31A and any amendment thereto and substitution
- therefor 47-31B, bonds issued by the authority shall be are deemed to be securities issued by a
- public instrumentality of the State of South Dakota.
- Section 55. That § 4-4-4.3 be amended to read as follows:
- 4-4-4.3. There shall be is established within the state treasury the securities operating fund
- and the insurance operating fund, into which shall be deposited all fees received by each
- division. All moneys in the funds created by this section shall be budgeted and expended in
- accordance with the provisions of Title 4 on warrants drawn by the state auditor on vouchers
- approved by the secretary of the Department of Revenue and Regulation. Expenditures from
- these funds may be made only to pay the necessary expenses of purposes specified in chapters
- 19 37-5A, 37-25A, 47-31A 47-31B, 47-33, and Title 58.
- 20 Section 56. That § 5-12-55 be amended to read as follows:
- 5-12-55. The corporation is hereby declared to be performing a public function on behalf
- of the state and to be a public instrumentality of the state. The income of the authority and the
- corporation, and all properties at any time owned by the authority and the corporation, are
- exempt from all taxation in the State of South Dakota. In addition, the corporation is exempt

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1 from all filing, reporting, and similar requirements otherwise applicable to nonprofit and other

- 2 corporations.
- For purposes of chapter 47-31A and any amendment thereto and substitution therefor 47-
- 4 <u>31B</u>, bonds, notes, certificates, or other obligations issued, incurred or created by the
- 5 corporation under §§ 5-12-48 to 5-12-60, inclusive, shall be are deemed to be securities issued
- 6 by a public instrumentality of the State of South Dakota.
- 7 Section 57. That § 6-8B-69 be amended to read as follows:
- 8 6-8B-69. Any credit enhancement obligation, any agreement or other arrangement related
- 9 thereto, and any anticipation note authorized hereunder shall be exempt from registration under
- 10 chapter 47-31A 47-31B.
- 11 Section 58. That subdivision (4) of § 10-43-1 be amended to read as follows:
- 12 (4) "Financial institution," any banking institution or savings and loan association 13 organized under the laws of the United States and located or doing business in this 14 state; any bank, savings and loan association, mutual saving bank, or trust company, 15 organized under the laws of this state or of any other state, district, territory, or 16 country, doing business within this state; any person licensed in this state pursuant 17 to chapter 54-4, the installment repayment small loan and consumer finance law; and 18 any person in the business of buying loans, notes, or other evidences of debt except 19 those persons registered as broker-dealers pursuant to chapter 47-31A 47-31B; and 20 persons in the business of making installment repayment and open-end loans which 21 may be unsecured or secured by real or personal property, which loans are in an 22 aggregate amount exceeding five hundred dollars, which are repaid in two or more 23 installment payments or one lump sum payment extending over a time exceeding 24 thirty days from the day the loan was made except where the loan is made by the

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person selling the property, incidental to the sale of the property and where the seller is primarily in the business of selling such real or personal property or except where the loan is made to a related corporation and the primary business of these related corporations is the production and sale of tangible personal property or where the loan is made in the form of an advance to secure the production of equipment to be obtained by the lender or to finance a joint venture between the lender and others which has been formed to produce and sell tangible personal property;

Section 59. That § 11-11-96 be amended to read as follows:

11-11-96. For the purposes of chapter 47-31A and any amendments thereto and substitution therefor 47-31B, bonds issued by the authority shall be are deemed to be securities issued by a public instrumentality of the State of South Dakota.

Section 60. That § 25-7A-56 be amended to read as follows:

25-7A-56. A state agency or board may not issue or renew the professional, sporting, or recreational license, registration, certification, or permit of any applicant after receiving notice from the Department of Social Services that the applicant has support arrearages in the sum of one thousand dollars or more, unless the applicant first makes satisfactory arrangements with the Department of Social Services for payment of any accumulated arrearages. An applicant who disputes a determination by the Department of Social Services that the applicant has support arrearages of one thousand dollars or more shall, upon request, be given a due process hearing by the department. Upon recommendation by the department, the licensing agency or board may issue a temporary license, registration, certification, or permit to the applicant pending final resolution of the due process hearing. The department may promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 1-26 to implement the provisions of this section.

The term professional license, registration, certification, or permit as specified by this

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section includes appraisers as specified in chapter 36-21B; abstractors as specified in chapter 36-13; accountants as specified in chapter 36-20A; barbers as specified in chapter 36-14; chiropractors as specified in chapter 36-5; cosmetologists as specified in chapter 36-15; counselors as specified in chapter 36-32; dentists and dental hygienists as specified in chapter 36-6A; electricians as specified in chapter 36-16; engineers, architects, and surveyors as specified in chapter 36-18; embalmers and funeral directors as specified in chapter 36-19; nurses as specified in chapter 36-9; nurse practitioners and nurse mid-wives as specified in chapter 36-9A; physical therapists as specified in chapter 36-10; medical assistants as specified in chapter 36-9B; hearing aid dispensers as specified in chapter 36-24; physicians and surgeons as specified in chapter 36-4; physician's assistants as specified in chapter 36-4A; advanced life support personnel as specified in chapter 36-4B; nursing facility administrators as specified in chapter 36-28; optometrists as specified in chapter 36-7; pharmacists as specified in chapter 36-11; plumbers as specified in chapter 36-25; podiatrists as specified in chapter 36-8; psychologists as specified in chapter 36-27A; real estate brokers and salesmen as specified in chapter 36-21A; social workers as specified in chapter 36-26; veterinarians as specified in chapter 36-12; insurance brokers, agents, and solicitors as specified in chapter 58-30; teachers and administrators as specified in chapters 13-42 and 13-43; attorneys as specified in chapter 16-16; securities agents, securities brokers, investment advisers, or investment adviser representatives as specified in chapter 47-31A 47-31B; pilots as specified in chapter 50-11; day care providers as specified in chapter 26-6; gaming employees as specified in chapter 42-7B; and law enforcement officers as specified in chapter 23-3. The state agencies or boards which govern the professions, recreational licenses, and occupations listed in this paragraph may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 1-26 to implement the provisions of this section for their particular profession or occupation.

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Section 61. That § 25-7A-56.9 be amended to read as follows:

25-7A-56.9. The department shall enter into agreements with any financial institution conducting business within the state whereby the financial institution shall, on a quarterly basis, provide to the department the name, record address, social security number, or other taxpayer identification number, and other identifying information requested by the department for each obligor who owes past-due child support, and who maintains an account at the financial institution. Every financial institution shall also comply with any lien, levy, or order for withholding of income issued by the department against any account.

A financial institution is not liable to any person or entity for release or disclosure of any information required herein, and is not liable for encumbering or surrendering to the department any assets held by the financial institution and owned by the obligor. A financial institution is not liable to any person or entity for any other action taken in good faith by the institution to comply with the requirements of this section. Any information obtained by any Title IV-D agency pursuant to this section is confidential in nature and may be disclosed only for the purpose of, and to the extent necessary in, establishing, modifying, or enforcing a child support obligation.

As used in this section, financial institution includes any financial institution as defined in subdivision 10-43-1(4), any institution regulated by chapter 47-31A 47-31B, and any other depository institution, credit union, benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, bond fund, money market mutual fund, and any mutual fund of any kind or character. The term, account, as used in this section includes any demand deposit account, checking account, negotiable withdrawal order account, savings account, time deposit account, money market or any type of mutual fund account, and intangible property as defined in subdivision 43-41B-1(10).

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- 1 Section 62. That § 37-5A-14 be amended to read as follows:
- 2 37-5A-14. The registration requirement imposed by § 37-5A-6 shall do not apply to the
- 3 following:
- 4 (1) Any transaction by an executor, administrator, sheriff, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy,
- 5 guardian or conservator;
- 6 (2) Any offer or sale to a banking organization, financial organization or life insurance
- 7 corporation within the meanings given these terms by chapters 51A-1, 52-1, and
- 8 58-1; or
- 9 (3) Securities currently registered in this state pursuant to chapter 47-31A 47-31B.
- Section 63. That subdivision (4) of § 37-25A-2 be amended to read as follows:
- 11 (4) Any offer or sale of a business opportunity registered pursuant to chapter 47-31A 47-
- 12 31B;
- Section 64. That subdivision (4) of § 37-25A-3 be amended to read as follows:
- 14 (4) Any offer or sale of a business opportunity if the purchaser is a bank, savings and
- loan association, trust company, insurance company, credit union, or investment
- 16 company as defined by the Investment Company Act of 1940, pension or profit
- sharing trust, or other financial institution or institutional buyer or a dealer registered
- pursuant to chapter 47-31A 47-31B, if the purchaser is acting for itself or in a
- 19 fiduciary capacity;
- Section 65. That § 47-21-77 be amended to read as follows:
- 21 47-21-77. The provisions of the Uniform Securities Act, chapter 47-31A, shall chapter 47-
- 22 31B do not apply to any note, bond or other evidence of indebtedness issued by any cooperative
- pursuant to this chapter to the United States of America or any agency or other instrumentality
- 24 thereof, to any member of such cooperative, or to any mortgage, deed of trust, or other

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- 1 instrument executed to secure the same. The Uniform Securities Act Chapter 47-31B does not
- 2 apply to the issuance of membership certificates or any other evidence of member interest by
- 3 any cooperative or any such foreign corporation.
- 4 Section 66. That § 58-28-31 be amended to read as follows:
- 5 58-28-31. The director shall have <u>has</u> sole authority to regulate the issuance and sale of
- 6 variable contracts and promulgate rules to carry out the purposes and provisions of this chapter.
- 7 The Division of Securities may, upon request by the director, review the underlying investments
- 8 in securities of variable contracts. The Division of Securities may require filing a disclosure
- 9 document with the division of securities pursuant to chapter $\frac{47-31A}{47-31B}$.
- Section 67. That § 58-33-90 be amended to read as follows:
- 11 58-33-90. No insurance producer may offer or sell any security in this state unless the
- insurance producer is properly registered or exempt from registration pursuant to chapter
- 13 47-31A 47-31B.
- Section 68. That § 58-33-91 be amended to read as follows:
- 15 58-33-91. No insurance producer may offer or sell any security in this state unless the
- security is registered or exempt from registration pursuant to chapter 47-31A 47-31B.